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THE DELIA TIMES

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An Independent Weekly Newspaper Published in the Interest of Delia and the Surrounding District

Vol. VIII., No. 22 | DELIA, ALBERTA, THURSDAY, JUNE 3, 1926 | Subscription $1.50 a Year

A Comparison in Prices

Lemons (large) 50c a dozen in other towns	-	35c in Delia
Lard, 5 lbs. $1.35 " "	-	$1.25 "
Ev. Apples, 3 lbs. 90c " "	-	75c "
Gallon Dill Pickles, $2.00 " "	-	$1.65 "
" Mustard Pickles, $2.00 " "	-	$1.65 "
Sweet Mixed Pickles, tins $1.60 in other towns		$1.25 "
Srawberry Jam, $1.10 - "		90c "
Loganberry Jam, 80c - "		60c "
Bananas, 20c - "		15c "
Orange Marmalade, 75c - "		55c "
Imported Bramble Jelly, $1.35 "		$1.00 "
Rolled Oats, 20 lbs. $1.00 - "		85c "
Table Oil Cloth, 54 inches 75c "		60c "
Patent Leather Sandals, $2.75 "		$2.25 "
Heavy Cream Shipping Cans, $5.50 "		$4.60 "
Belt Dressing, 1-lb. stick 50c "		35c "
Congoleum Square, 9x12		$10.00
Congoleum Square, 9x9		$7.50

We beat the world in prices on Beds, Springs, and Mattresses

The Delia Farmers' Co-operative Assoc., Ltd.

Phone 39 for Food

Conservative Meeting Held at Delia

A good crowd was present in Mason's hall, Delia, on Friday night when a meeting in the interests of C. L. Sitlington, Conservative candidate for the Hand Hills riding, was held, the chief speaker of the evening being A. L. Smith, K.C., of Calgary.

G. K. Kennedy presided, and in a few opening remarks introduced the candidate, who dealt in his opening remarks with the natural resources of the relative provinces. He pointed out that we had in Alberta the greatest potential oilfields in the world. With all her valuable assets, however, in the shape of timber, coal, fisheries, salt, etc., we had only an average of 2.3 people to the square mile and the per capita debt of every man, woman and child was $86. Alberta was the smallest populated province in the Dominion. If the Conservative party was returned they intended to carry on the government of the province in an efficient and business-like way. The province, he said, had gone into debt since 1911 to the extent of $81,000,000 and our contingent liabilities were $50,000,000 more. He did not blame the present administration for the whole of this as it was partly due to the previous Liberal government. The present government claimed last year a balance of $180,000 but forgot to mention the fact that they had increased the taxation by $6,000,000. If returned, the Conservative party proposed to reduce the number of members in the Legislature, cut down the civil service, and abolish the supplementary revenue tax.

A. L. Smith, K.C., who was the next speaker, said he had never heard a better review of conditions existing in the province than that presented by Mr. Sitlington. He criticised Hon. G. Hoadley for his remarks at Gleichen anent the present government and the wheat pool, which he characterised as an attempt to drag that organization into politics. The creation of the wheat pool was not brought about by any political party, but was brought about through the efforts of the editors of the Edmonton Journal and the Calgary Herald who personally guaranteed Mr. Sapiro's remuneration for his services. The speaker went on to deal with the Drought Relief Act and said that this legislation had reduced the value of the land in the south-eastern part of the province by five to ten dollars per acre. In Mr McGillivray, their leader, they had a man of great ability. He had promised if returned to balance the budget the first year. The present government said it could not be done, yet had gone straightways and done it. Economy was a splendid thing but it was not everything. Alberta needed more people first and then more capital. The burden of taxation could only be borne by a greater number.

The meeting closed with the singing of "God Save the King."

Delia School Report

GRADE III. (Junior)—Douglas Robb, 59; Clifford Friedley, 58; Lloyd Burke 54; Embert Morrison, 52; Freddie Morrison, 46; Roy Friedley, 24.

GRADE III. (Senior)—Ethel Lane, 72; Verne Rowe, 66; Milton Hamilton, 64; Ural Lawrence, 64; Arthur Robinson, 59; John Dmytruk, 58; Violette Rieger, 56; Margaret Duncan, 54.

GRADE IV.—Elsie Meyer, 80; Freda Lowe, 72; Dorothy Wood, 70; Maggie Wilson, 70; Mae McPherson, 68; Robt. Morrison, 64; Patsy Burke, 64; Margt. Etter, 62; Harvey Zakariasen, 52; Gladys Hunley, ill; Christine Peterson, not graded.

GRADE V.—Thelma Dawson, 81; Gladys Mason, 78; Clarence Blaney, 78; Annie Dmytruk, 76. Jack Robb, 81; Marjorie Grant, 66; Alex Dmytruk, 62; Freamon Hunley, 61; Archie Miller, 59; Marie Wood, 56; Catherine Lane, 50.

GRADE VI.—George Lowe, 80; Stanley McKee, 68; Peter Thompson, 51; Bessie Thompson, 50; Ole Peterson, not graded.

Cards of Thanks.

Mr. and Mrs Joberg wish to thank their kind friends and neighbors for their kindness and beautiful flowers sent to their little daughter during her illness in the Hanna Hospital, also the Women's Institute for beautiful flowers sent.

Mr. and Mrs. G. H. Edgley wish to thank the Delia Ladies' Aid and Women's Institute for the lovely plant sent to Mrs. Edgley.

Mr. and Mrs. M. Berg wish to thank the Sentinel Hill W.I. for the lovely flowers sent Mrs. Berg during her illness at Holy Cross Hospital, Calgary.

Mrs. N. McClung in Delia

On Monday afternoon the Union Church was crowded to the doors with women, some of whom had come many miles to hear Mrs. N. McClung, M.L.A. Mrs. G. Hamilton, president of the Delia W.I., presided, supported by Mrs. W. J. Barss.

Mrs. McClung's subject was "The Legislature of 1926." She spoke of the various acts that the Provincial parliament passed during its last session, dealing especially with those of interest to women. She explained the Dower Act and also the amendments to the Mothers' Allowance Act at some length, inviting questions from her audience. The speaker also explained what had been done with regard to the extension of the railways and the return of the natural resources.

At the close of Mrs. McClung's address an enjoyable social hour was spent. Mrs. A. S. Newcombe sang "In the Garden of Tomorrow" in her usual pleasing manner. The three little Misses Geeson sang very prettily "When Spring is here," and a dainty lunch was served by Mesdames Leckie, Grant, Smart, G. Martin, C. Greer and S. Schatz.

In the evening Mrs. McLung delighted her audience and created outbursts of laughter by the humorous way in which she handled the subject of her address, "The Humor of Everyday Life." Her popularity as an entertainer and author was well exemplified by the large and enthusiastic audience. Mr. and Mrs. Newcombe rendered a duet, "Come to the Fair," which was enthusiastically encored, while four young ladies rendered very effectively "Sweet and Low."

SENTINEL HILL ITEMS.

An epidemic of measles has broken out amongst the school children, several of whom have been very ill. Strict quarantine measures would be a help and a preventative of the spread of contagious diseases. Our rural population should be protected as well as that of our cities and towns.

William Hudgson is confined to his bed and under the care of Dr. Crawford.

Mr. Budd, Pioneer Elevator inspector, of Calgary, called upon Mr and Mrs. John Morrison recently.

The W.I. May meeting was held at the home of Miss Ethel Hudgeon, who was assisted in her duties as hostess by Mrs. Wm. Hudgeon.

Mrs. J. F. Harrison attended the W.I. convention in Calgary as the delegate from Sentinel Hill W.I.

Mrs. F. Morrison is convalescing after an attack of measles.

MAJESTIC AND FARRELL LAKE NEWS.

The next F.L.W.I. meeting will be held at the home of Mrs. F. Finley on June 4.

Mrs. A. K. McDonald, who has been ill for the last week, was taken to Drumheller Hospital last Monday and underwent an operation on Tuesday morning. Her many friends wish her a speedy recovery.

Mrs. J. Beaton returned from the W.I. convention in Calgary on Saturday night.

Mrs. S. Wylie returned Saturday night after spending a few days in Calgary.

Messrs. Carson and Hands returned home Saturday, the latter bringing a Dodge Sedan.

The dust will be flying in the Majestic district now Beaton Bros., G. Cox, S. Sverdahl, A. K. McDonald, and J. McMurchy have all purchased new Ford cars, also G. Cammidge and P. McAravey.

Buckley Limpert has been quite sick this last week.

Mrs. J. Heidt returned home Sunday from Craigmyle, where she has been nursing the past week.

MECHECHE NEWS

George Frielag sustained a serious injury in the first baseball game of the season, when he broke both bones of his leg. He will probably be in the hospital some time. All about town feel his absence and hope for a speedy recovery.

Mr and Mrs. Walter Murdoch motored to Edmonton and spent a few days with Mr. Murdoch's sister, Mrs. Pauline Johnston.

Mrs. J. Dewsbury spent last week with her daughter, Mrs. McIlroy, of Scollard.

Mrs. F. Ritchie has been in Drumheller for the past two weeks visiting relatives.

CRAIGMYLE NEWS.

A. T. Bell, accompanied by Mr. and Mrs. G. W. Delsing, drove to Calgary in his new Chevrolet Coach on Thursday last and returned home on Saturday evening.

Percy H. Gayner left for Calgary on Monday morning en route to Montana to look after his oil interests there.

The severe duststorm of Saturday afternoon turned to rain about 10.30 p.m., and although the wind blew hard all night the rain never ceased until two o'clock Sunday afternoon, 1.08 inches of rain falling.

F. L. Warren, who has been on the staff of the Royal Bank here for some years, has resigned his position and expects to be leaving for the south shortly. In the meantime he is spending a few days in Calgary but will be back here for a few days before setting forth.

W. E. Cotton, formerly of the Royal Bank staff at Lacombe, arrived in town at the beginning of the week and has taken over the position of accountant in the local branch.

Mr. and Mrs. J. T. Cummins and family had intended leaving at the beginning of the week for the Coast by auto but owing to the weather were delayed.

C. L. Sitlington, Conservative candidate in the forthcoming Provincial election for the Hand Hills constituency, has been busy in the south-eastern portion of the riding and spoke at several meetings last week, being accompanied by H. A. Chadwick, of Calgary. On Friday there was a meeting at Delia and on Saturday at Hanna, at which A. L. Smith, K.C., of Calgary, spoke as well as Mr. Sitlington.

Mr. and Mrs. Thos. Owen left at the end of last week for Calgary on their way to spend some weeks in the mountains.

William Miller, formerly of Calgary, arrived in town at the beginning of the week to take over the position with the Craigmyle Trading Co. which has been held for several years by W. E. Thompson, who is leaving ... of the month for ... home ... Lisburn, near Belfast, Ireland.

Eucharistic Congress Chicago, June, 1926

The Greatest Event in the History of the Catholic Church in America

C N Rys. TO OPERATE SPECIAL TRAINS FROM WESTERN CANADA

Of unusual importance to Roman Catholics is the 28th International Eucharistic Congress in Chicago, Ill., June 20th to 24th next.

The Church dignitaries are duly appreciative of the efforts made by the Canadian National Railways, who have arranged to operate special trains to and from the Congress, and have also made reservations for several hundred people in good hotels at a reasonable expense, and ask their people to make application promptly for the necessary sleeping car and hotel accommodation. The Church authorities were consulted prior to arranging the train service so that the proper departure time from the various centres would be ensured.

Those who desire to use the regular service have the privilege of travelling on the through train which is operated during the summer season from Western Canada to Chicago.

Any agent of the Canadian National Railways will be pleased to give you further particulars and complete all arrangements. 20-23a

New Wells in Turner Valley

Several new wells are being spudded in at Turner Valley oilfields and will be under way during the next week or two. In the Wainwright field east of Edmonton recent developments include the striking of further pockets of gas in wells being drilled there.

Alberta Salt Wells

The Salt wells at McMurray, now being developed by the Alberta Salt Co., are producing 25 tons of salt daily. The supply is abundant, two seams ranging in thickness from 120 to 140 feet now being mined, at a depth of from 600 to 800 feet.

Legislation designed to restore to Alberta control of her natural resources will not be taken up this session, Premier Mackenzie King stated in the house of commons Monday in answer to a question.

At a convention of the Acadia U.F.A. Political Association held at Oyen, Lorne Proudfoot, the present member was re-nominated for the ensuing election.

Alberta Election Monday, June 28

General election date in Alberta will be Monday, June 28, with nominations Friday, June 18. The writs have been issued for those dates, and the campaign is now off to a real start.

It promises to be the most active political campaign yet conducted in the province, and there will be more candidates in the field than for a long time, three-cornered fights being numerous. Premier Brownlee has prepared a most aggressive campaign and will address two or three meetings daily, Sundays excepted, until the end of the fray. The other ministers will be almost equally active with the possible exception of Hon. Alex Ross.

Proportional Representation

The elections in the cities of Calgary and Edmonton will be under proportional representation, its first trial for cities of this size in provincial elections. In Edmonton each of the three leading parties has five men in the field. Prospective independent candidates, of whom there were so many in 1921, are still missing from the contest.

The Farmer government will make a vigorous effort to retain power, while the Conservative and Liberal parties are better organized than in the last provincial election and are expected to put up a big fight.

Alberta's Natural Resources

With regard to the return to Alberta of her natural resources, the Dominion government has not made further progress with their bill. The Alberta Legislature at its recent adjourned session gave third reading to their own bill, after amending a clause which had been interpreted as an infringement of the province's control of education. Liberal members asked for further delay for negotiations with the Dominion but the government view was that the Dominion should know definitely that Alberta wanted the resources but did not want educational questions introduced into the bill.

Weed Campaign in Alberta

More than eighty municipalities were represented at the convention of weed supervisors and inspectors held at Olds last week. A thorough discussion of the weed campaign for the summer took place, and indications are for a vigorous prosecution of the fight against the weeds.

Excellent co-operation between the various municipalities and the Provincial Department of Agriculture was manifest at the convention, and considerable further progress is anticipated this year in clearing the province of the weed menace.

Big Round-up of Horses Now in Progress

What may be the last big round-up of its kind in Alberta has started in the country that lies between Medicine Hat and Standard and the Bow and Red Deer rivers.

Two years ago this country was combed by private outfits under the supervision of the Provincial government and the result was that the range was cleaned up to a great extent, the weedy stock being eliminated.

This year the same thing will be done and some of the outfits that will take part are now in the field. Edie brothers, Ham brothers, Glen House and others are either in the field or are preparing to start the big round-up that is expected will last for six weeks. Thousands of horses will be handled, claimed, branded and classified. The undesirable horses will be disposed of as they were two years ago.

Farm Young People's Week

The annual University Week for farm young people will open Friday, June 4, at the Alberta University, when young peple from many parts of the province will attend for a week of lectures and recreation. The lectures will cover many branches of agriculture and also domestic science and nursing. An interesting feature of the event this year is the inauguration of a scholarship for the boys and girls attending the courses. The scholarship will consist of one term's instruction free of all charges, with board and room provided, at one of the agricultural schools in the province, for the boy and for the girl obtaining the highest standing during the week at the University.

Will Study Industrial Development in Alberta

R. J. Dinning has been named by the Provincial government to make an investigation of the opportunities for industrial development that are offered in the province, and his endeavors will centralize largely on the seeking of new markets for Alberta coal, the prospects for the salt industry of the Fort McMurray district, the manufacture of newsprint and other paper from straw, and the utilization of deposits of clay of special kinds, which may be found in different parts of the province.

Special Committee on Coal Supply

The following special committee has been appointed by the Dominion parliament to investigate sources of coal supply:—Messrs. Armstrong (Lambton); Bury, Campbell, Fafard, Fleming, Garland (Bow River) Gershaw, Howden, Lapierre, McLean (Melfort), Nicholson, and Rogers.

Coast Elevator Agreement Made

Conferences which have been in progress at Ottawa within the past few days have caused a settlement to be reached regarding the proposal of the Alberta Wheat Pool for leasing No. 1 elevator at Vancouver and, moreover, it is agreeable to both sides.

As recently forecast the elevator will continue to be operated this summer by the Harbor Commissioners, but it is agreed that by the end of October the commission will notify the pool whether or not the elevator will then be leased to it. If it is to be retained under the Harbor Commission, the pool will then be free to go ahead and provide such facilities of its own as are required.

Alberta Government Crop Report

EDMONTON, May 29, 1926.

Seeding of all grain crops in the province is now practically completed. A small amount of oats and barley seeding remains to be done, but the end of the month will see all crops in the ground, except green feed, which is considerably earlier than in former years.

Conditions continue to be generally satisfactory. The weather since last report has been showery, and most of the districts in the province have benefitted thereby. Precipitation for May to date has ranged from half an inch in most of the districts to nearly two inches in the Grande Prairie and Peace River territory. In the south eastern district there have been good local showers but no general rains.

In the south-western district there has been some rain and the grain crops have a good start, but dry conditions prevail generally and rain is needed over practically all of this section. Winter wheat is looking well and rye is headed out.

In the more central and northern territory precipitation has been somewhat heavier and all crops are showing good growth. Damage from cutworms, wireworms and grasshoppers has been reported to a small extent in certain limited areas, but generally speaking there appears to be no further fear from this quarter of serious interference with the growth of the crops.

Reports indicate that there has been a considerable increase in grain acreage, particularly wheat, in certain localities, but the general increase throughout the province is not expected to be great.

Will Start on New Railway

Promise has been given of an early start on the construction of the Calgary and Southwestern Railway, a line calculated to tap coal reserves in the foothills south west of Calgary. Certain changes of route were authorized at the recent session of the Legislature.

The acreage in sugar beets in the irrigated districts of Southern Alberta will reach 7,000 acres this season. This is 1,000 acres more than the contracted area of last season.



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Genuine DUCO

For Handy Home Uses

A fast drying Brushing Enamel, suitable for use on Woodwork, New or Old Furniture, Automobiles, Floors, Walls, or Metal Work.

Just brush it on!

Laughs at time—dries fast and lasts. There is only one Duco—DuPONT Duco

We are selling out our entire stock of

Martin-Senour Flat Wall Paint At Cost

Quarts, at - $1.25
1 Half Gal., at 2.40
Gals., at - 4.50

R. A. STEWART, Hardware, Tinsmithing, Ph. 4

Wampole's Cod Liver Oil Compound

This is a tasteless preparation of Cod Liver Oil, containing the Hypophosphites of Lime, Soda, Iron, Quinine, and Strychnine. There could be no better tonic given for weakened conditions after the 'flu, or heavy colds. Price, $1.00 per bottle.

Sarsaparilla Compound

To regulate the system and purify the blood, we recommend Sarsaparilla Compound. $1.00 per bot.

Harris' Wonder Cure

For Rheumatism, and all kindred troubles, we recommend Harris' Wonder Cure. Price, $5.00 per bottle; three bottles for $10.00.

The Kennedy Drug Co.

DELIA, - Alberta.

We sell and take orders for Plants and Cut Flowers.
We sell and take subscriptions for all Magazines and Papers

RED ROSE TEA "is good tea"

And because you like good things you'll like Red Rose.

73

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Grocers know the value of an attractive Appleford wrap for butter. They realize the selling power of a distinctive design. They know that in the customers eyes it increases the value of the butter.

In Appleford wraps you get a high-grade parchment paper with a special design that is attention-compelling. Being absolutely greaseproof it protects the flavour of your butter.

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More About This Wonderful Age

In this column last week attention was directed to the marvellous achievements of recent years in the development of rapid means of transport and communication—developments within a decade far outstripping the work of previous centuries. But it is not alone in the field of mechanical invention that this is truly a wonderful age. The onward march of progress is just as rapid and even more remarkable in scientific research and attendant results.

Take the science of preventive medicine as an example. It is difficult today to realize that only a century ago the average length of life was less than thirty years. It practically doubled during the nineteenth century, and now comes the further news that the average of life in the United States and Canada has been lengthened by five years since 1900, but so quietly and effectively have the forces of prevention been carrying on their successful warfare against disease and death that few realize what has been accomplished, nor how it has been accomplished.

One of the chief causes is the decrease in infant mortality. The spread of vaccination did away with smallpox, sterilization and the use of anaesthetics made modern surgery possible, pure milk and water supplies have prevented typhoid, fresh air has done much to conquer tuberculosis, toxide and other serums are eradicating diphtheria, scarlet fever and other diseases, the discovery of insulin has resulted in control of diabetes, while present-day knowledge of how the excess or lack of secretions of the ductless glands affect the health has opened a new world to the medical profession.

With all its horrors, sufferings and losses, the Great War conferred at least one benefit on mankind in that it opened the eyes of all people, and particularly all Governments, to the physical condition of the race and demonstrated that the greatest of all national assets are people, and people of strong bodies and robust health without which mental equipment must remain below par. The Great War also demonstrated on a huge scale beyond all possibility of dispute that disease can be controlled and prevented.

In times of peace, people can, if they will, live in clean and hygenic surroundings, obtain pure food and water supplies, eliminate flies and disease breeding germs. But this is not always possible in the case of troops under war conditions. In the South African war the British had 58,000 cases of typhoid fever and 8,000 deaths in an average army strength of 208,000. In the Great War the average strength of the British Army was 1,250,000 men, but only 7,500 cases of typhoid and 266 deaths therefrom. Why? Because at the beginning of the war all British soldiers were inoculated against typhoid French soldiers were not inoculated at first and in the first sixteen months there were 96,000 cases with nearly 12,000 deaths. Then the French were inoculated with the result that the amount of typhoid fever fell to that in the British Army.

A very frank article by Dr. C. E. Fleming appears in the British Medical Journal respecting the disappearance of certain infectious diseases which in the past used to demand high toll in Great Britain. Figures quoted from the British Ministry of Health show that from 1880 to 1924 diseases such as diphtheria, typhoid, scarlet fever and tuberculosis have decreased 50 to 97 per cent. In the case of smallpox the decrease is actually 100 per cent., not a single case having been reported in 1924.

Medical science may justly claim a fair share for the result, but better conditions of life, of home, of workshop, the stopping of child labor, shorter hours of work, better food, more sunlight and air, more rational dress, more outdoor recreation, all have been instrumental in effecting this glorious change for the better.

Doctors and Government and municipal health authorities can do much, and are doing it, but unless they are supported by the rank and file of the people their best efforts must fail. An enlightened public can do more to prevent disease than any other agency. It was in full recognition of this fact that in drafting the Covenant of the League of Nations Article XXV. was inserted requiring every nation joining the League to encourage, promote and maintain an active Red Cross Society to enroll all the people in its membership and in a world-wide Crusade for Good Health with the object of promoting health, preventing disease, and mitigating suffering arising out of sickness, accident and disaster. By arousing the interest of all people in health matters, the world-wide organization of the Red Cross is doing much to dispel disease and eliminate much unnecessary suffering, and is thereby adding to length of life and contributing to the happiness and prosperity of all people everywhere.

Love Of Clean Sport

Bound to Encourage Spirit of Fairness and Courage

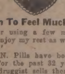
It was Talleyrand, we think, who once said that one of the secrets of the greatness of the British peoples was their love of sport. It is something which certainly is more characteristic of the English-speaking peoples than of any other, and it is not confined to any one class among them.

While the youth of our race continue to love sport, to love it and play at it for its own sake, there will be no peril from decadence. Rather will there grow a finer womanhood and manhood, a keener homage for that spirit of fairness and chivalry and clean courage which, after all, are the precious things of life.—Ottawa Journal.

Her Nerves Were "All Broken Up" She Could Not Sleep

Mrs. David Galloughег, 27 Lyndhurst Ave., Hamilton, Ont., writes: —"My nerves were all broken up and I could not sleep at night, and I would have to get up out of bed and walk the floor for hours at a time.

After Using a Box of



I Began To Feel Much Better, and after using a few more boxes I could enjoy my rest as well as ever I could."

H. & N. Pills have been on the market for the past 32 years; your nearest druggist sells them; put up only by The T. Milburn Co., Limited, Toronto, Ont.

Available At All Times

Typewriting Office in London Translates Anything at Any Time

In Jermyn Street I discovered what is apparently the only non-stop typewriting office in London (says a Daily Chronicle writer); at least, I have not been able to trace any other place of its kind which keeps open day and night, Sundays and Bank Holidays not excepted.

"We type or translate anything at a moment's notice," the proprietress told me, when I was discussing her work with her, and she went on to say that the office contains stenographers who know ten languages perfectly. It is, I suppose, the only office where you can get a stenographer to take Icelandic, Russian or Chinese at 200 words a minute.

Use Minard's Liniment in the stables

The Wheat Situation

Canada Furnishes More Than Half the World's Exports of Wheat In 1925-26

Fairly light trade to the end of this summer with moderate purchases by European importing countries; prices probably lower than mid-April levels unless present crop prospects change; low or moderate carry-overs into the new crop year; these are the salient points of the world wheat outlook for the next few months accordinig to the Food Research Institute of Stanford University.

The 1925-26 world wheat crop has been the largest since 1915 if Russia is included. Without Russia it is the largest ever exported, except in 1923. International trade has been light. Surpluses genuinely available for export have been small except in Canada, which has furnished over half the total exports. The United States has exported little except of durum (macaroni wheat) and of flour, and has imported for home use only moderate quantities of Canadian wheat. The international situation would have been tighter had Europe not had large domestic crops and had therefore no need to import heavily.

Prospects for the U. S. crop of 1926-27 are that it will be larger than in 1925-26, but that for most of the rest of the northern hemisphere the crop will be somewhat smaller. The new harvests are expected to relieve the tension in the wheat trade that has prevailed since November—hence the heavy discounts of new crop futures in North America under the May future. These and other features of the present wheat situation are analyzed in "The World Wheat Situation, December, 1925 to March, 1926," to appear in a forthcoming issue of the Wheat Studies of the Food Research Institute of Stanford University.

Will Survey Polar Regions For Land

American Arctic Expedition Confident Of Its Existence

Despite the negative findings of the Amundsen expedition, it is still a probability that there is a great tract of land between the North Pole and Alaska, in the opinion of sponsors of the American Arctic expedition, which leaves this summer for Polar regions, with three aeroplanes, for a three to five-year survey.

Robert Anderson Pope, New York engineer, and chairman of the expedition's organizing committee, issued a statement in which it was said that firm belief was still held in the existence of such land, and that Amundsen's observations, though of great assistance, were by no means final.

He said that at most, Amundsen could have inspected less than 10 per cent. of the region between Alaska and the people.

No Asthma Remedy Like It. Dr. J. D. Kellogg's Asthma Remedy is distinctly different from other so-called remedies. Were this not so it would not have continued its great work of relief until known from ocean to ocean for its wonderful value. Kellogg's the foremost and best of all asthma remedies, stands upon a reputation founded in the hearts of thousands who have known its benefit.

Interesting Document Found

Journal of First Englishman Who Saw Canadian West

Officials of the Hudson's Bay Company, London, have gone to Ulster to copy a remarkable document which has just come to light.

Papers of the Dobbs family, Carrickfergus, just presented to the Ulster record office, were found to include three journals dealing with the exploration of the Northwest Passage. The earliest and most valuable is the journal of Henry Kelsey, covering the period from 1683 to 1722.

Kelsey, whose life was spent in exploration was the first Englishman to penetrate from the Hudson's Bay coast to the Western Canada prairie country, and it was not known that a copy of his journal was in existence.

Tree Goes To Press

It took two hours and 25 minutes to convert a tree into a newspaper in a test at Berlin recently. The tree was cut down at 7.35 a.m., barked and pulped, and a roll of paper was ready for a nearby newspaper plant at 9.34. The boys were crying the paper on the streets at 10 o'clock.

LEG SORES

ARE CURABLE. If you suffer from Leg Sores or Varicose Ulcers, I will send you **ABSOLUTELY FREE** a copy of my famous book that tells how to be rid of these troubles for all time by using my remarkable painless treatment. It is different from anything you ever heard of, and the result of over 35 years specializing. Simply send your name and address to Dr. H. J. WHITTIER, Suite 29, 421 East 11th Street, Kansas City, Mo.

A BROKEN DOWN SYSTEM.

This is a condition (or dis ase) to which doctors give many names, but which few of them really understand. It is simply weakness—a break down, as it were, of the vital forces that sustain the system. No matter what may be its causes (they are almost numberless), its symptoms are much the same; the more prominent being sleeplessness, sense of prostration or weariness, depression of spirits and want of energy for all the ordinary affairs of life. Now, what alone is absolutely essential in all such cases is increased vitality—vigour, vital strength and energy to throw off these morbid feelings, and as night succeeds the day this may be more certainly secured by a course of

THE NEW FRENCH REMEDY.
THERAPION No. 3

than by any other known combination. So surely as it is taken in accordance with the directions accompanying it, will the shattered health be restored

THE EXPIRING LAMP OF LIFE LIGHTED UP AFRESH,

and a new existence imparted in place of what had so lately seemed worn-out, used up, and valueless. This wonderful medicament is suitable for all ages constitutions and conditions, in either sex; and it is difficult to imagine a disease or derangement whose main feature is weakness, that will not be speedily and permanently overcome by this recuperative essence, which is destined to cast into oblivion everything that had preceded it for this wide-spread & numerous class of human ailments. Sold by leading Chemists, or either No. return mail from Dr. LECLERC Med. Co. Haverstock Rd. N.W.3. London

Device Makes "Dry Ice"

Is Perfectly Dry, Cannot Melt, and Is Intensely Cold

A device that makes what is called "dry ice," will keep ice cream frozen in its original state for hours at a time without the use of ice. It is now possible to send a pint of ice cream from New York to Chicago by aeroplane and when the package is opened the ice cream will be found frozen hard, just as it came from the freezer many hours before!

"Dry ice" cannot melt and is perfectly dry to the touch, and is so cold that it will make a thermometer drop to 110 degrees below zero.

You have noticed the small bubbles that form and rise to the surface in a soda pop bottle when you pry off the cap. This new ice, Popular Science Monthly explains, is made out of the same gas that forms those bubbles. In other words, it is carbon dioxide gas cooled down and compressed until it finally forms a solid, frozen mass.

Solidified carbon dioxide has been produced on a laboratory scale several times, but this is the first application of this queer freezing agent to the preservation of ice cream.

Painful Sprains, Bruises, Restored By Nerviline

There is soothing power in Nerviline that has made it famous for nearly fifty years past. It sinks in deeply, it penetrates quickly, it takes away the pain from a sprain and brings grateful relief to bruised, aching muscles. If your joints are stiff and you are suffering from Rheumatism or Lumbago; if Neuralgia bothers you now and again, use trusty old "Nerviline." It works wonders, whether the pain is internal or external. Get a large 35-cent bottle from your dealer today.

Marketing Board Formed

Manitoba's Share of Wheat Board Surplus Will Be Put To Work

An organization to be known as the Co-operating Marketing Board has been formed to administer the income from investment of the $128,000 which came to Manitoba as its share of the Dominion wheat board surplus, it was officially announced in Winnipeg.

In accordance with legislation passed by the provincial legislature during its last session, the board will assist in the development and encouragement of co-operation among agricultural producers in Manitoba in the marketing of their produce and to investigate other systems of co-operative marketing throughout the world. About $6,000 will be available annually for the work of the board.

Learns English To Prove His Innocence

Italian Wrongfully Accused Has Spent Eight Years In Prison

Rafaello Morello, who was sentenced on April 27, 1918, to life imprisonment for the supposed murder of his wife, Anita, had to learn to speak English to prove his innocence and now is free after eight years in prison.

The state court of pardons released Morello recently, after it discovered that an interpreter's version of the testimony of a witness, which resulted in Morello's conviction, was altogether wrong.

Miller's Worm Powders are the medicine for children who are found suffering from the ravages of worms. They immediately alter the stomachic conditions under which the worms subsist and drive them from the system, and, at the same time, they are tonical in their effect upon the digestive organs, restoring them to healthful operation and ensuring immunity from further disorders from such a cause.

Cities Pass Million Mark

Estimates of Population of U. S. Cities Are Published.

Estimates of the population of 229 cities having 30,000 or more inhabitants, were announced recently by the U. S. department of commerce.

The big four, the only cities having a million or more population, show no change in rank. New York leads with 5,924,000, against 5,620,048 in 1920. Chicago passed the three million mark for the first time, with 3,048,000 against 2,701,705 in 1920. Philadelphia, crossing the two million mark, retains third place with 2,008,000, against 1,823,779. Detroit continues fourth with 1,290,000 against 993,678.

Father's Will Bans Fox-trots

Australian Makes Stern Stipulation Regarding Daughters Inheritance

Though Phyllis Joan Haslewood, a little Melbourne girl, may go to the pictures or the theatre, every year after she reached the age of fourteen until she is twenty-one her mother has to make a declaration that the girl has not indulged in a single fox-trot in the past twelve months.

If this stipulation is broken, the Central News says, Phyllis forfeits all interest in her father's will, her mother is cut off with a farthing, and the money goes to Baptist Sunday schools.

Starts Walking Tour

The value of uncooked fruit and nuts as a human diet and the health-giving qualities of life in the open will be demonstrated by Frank R. Turnley of Winnipeg, who has started on a "hike" for Vancouver, B.C. On his tramp to the coast, Turnley proposes to sleep outdoors and eat nothing but fruit and nuts.

Cuticura Heals Eczema on Head Arms and Legs

"When baby was two months old a slight touch of eczema broke out on her head, face, arms and legs. It turned to weeping eczema and formed blisters, which broke and the eruptions scaled over. It was very itchy causing loss of sleep and she was very irritable. Her face was disfigured. The trouble lasted eighteen months.

"I tried different remedies but with no results. I began using Cuticura Soap and Ointment and in about six weeks I could see an improvement. I continued the treatment and after using for several months she was healed." (Signed) Mrs. F. Angerman, 9425-122nd Ave., Edmonton, Alberta, Nov. 3, 1925.

These fragrant emollients are all you need for all toilet purposes. Soap to cleanse and purify, Ointment to soothe and heal, Talcum to powder and sweeten.

Sample Each Free by Mail. Address Canadian Depot: "Stenhouse, Ltd., Montreal." Price, Soap 25c. Ointment 25 and 50c. Talcum 25c.
Cuticura Shaving Stick 25c.

Likely to Change Fishing Methods

Work On Mystery Trawler At Hull Nearing Completion

A mystery ship, whose operations when completed are likely to revolutionize fishing methods, is nearing completion at Hull, in Yorkshire.

She is much bigger than the average trawler, her tonnage being between 4,000 and 5,000. Instead of trawling in the ordinary way, this vessel will anchor outside the three-mile limit" and send out small boats to fish with lines. Fish of a large size, chiefly halibut, will be sought for.

When these are brought aboard they will be laid in specially constructed "rest bunks," to prevent the crushing and spoiling that occurs when fish are carried in bulk, and also to keep them alive until landed.

HEALTHY CHILDREN ALWAYS SLEEP WELL

If Baby Does Not Enjoy Refreshing Sleep He is Far From Well

The healthy child sleeps well and during its waking hours is never cross, but always happy and laughing. It is only the sickly child that is cross and peevish. Mothers, if your children do not sleep well; if they are cross and cry a great deal, give them Baby's Own Tablets and they will soon be well and happy again.

Baby's Own Tablets are a mild but thorough laxative which regulate the bowels, sweeten the stomach, banish constipation, colic and indigestion and promote healthful sleep. They are absolutely guaranteed free from opiates and may be given to the newborn babe with perfect safety.

You can obtain Baby's Own Tablets through any medicine dealer at 25 cents a box, or by mail, post paid, from The Dr. Williams Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

Hampers Curio Carving Trade

Natives of King Island, Alaska, Deplore Shortage of Walrus Tusks

Walrus tusk shortage is hampering the curio carving business of the natives of King Island, Alaska. Eskimo hunters who have been bringing in tusks via dog team in winter months report that walrus herds have migrated elsewhere, probably to the Siberian side of the Bering Sea and Atlantic Ocean. The market is strong for ivory beads and carved articles, and King Island workers planned large returns from this winter's work on their newly installed gasoline propelled lathes.

Oil Leases At Lesser Slave Lake

It is understood that a definite attempt will be made this season to develop a new oil field in the Athabasca-Lesser Slave Lake district of Northern Alberta, an area long favored by geologists. Drilling will be commenced shortly on well number one of the International Oils, Limited, of New York, which controls the rights on a solid tract of 33,000 acres of oil leases in the eastern border of Lesser Slave Lake.

Peevish, pale, restless and sickly children owe their condition to worms. Mother Graves' Worm Exterminator will relieve them and restore health.

Only Two of His Kind

Chauncey Depew, who celebrated his ninety-first birthday recently, says he does not object to people making a fuss about him. "I never knew of but one man, besides me," he said, "who was not spoiled by being lionized." "And who was he?" asked a lady in the listening group. "The prophet Daniel, Madam," was the ready response.

New Source of Sulphur

White Island, off the coast of New Zealand, boasts a volcano that is still quite lively. Being off the main routes of travel, this island is not often visited by tourists. But industry is beginning to discern there a profitable field, owing to the rich sulphur deposits, some of which are said to be 95 per cent. pure.

Was Some Tiger Hunter

Seventeen tigers fell to the prowess of the Raja of Gauripur, near Sorbhog, in Assam, in fifteen days. The biggest of the bag measured 9 feet 10 inches.

Settlers From Colorado

Fifty farmer families from Colorado will settle in the Wabiskow district, near Edmonton, if their present plans can be carried out.

Minard's Liniment King of Pain

Number Of Motor Cars

Eight Canadians In Every Hundred Now Own Motor Vehicles

Nearly eight Canadians in every one hundred owned motor vehicles last year. Figures compiled by the bureau of statistics show that in 1925 the total number of motor vehicles registered in Canada was 728,005, or 7.8 per hundred of population, of which 639,695, or 6.8 per hundred of population were passenger autos. Registration by provinces was as follows: Ontario, 344,112; Quebec, 97,657; Saskatchewan, 79,078; British Columbia, 56,618; Manitoba, 51,241; Alberta, 54,857; New Brunswick, 17,420; Nova Scotia, 20,012; Prince Edward Island, 2,824; and the Yukon the balance.

Preparing For Poultry Congress

World Poultry Congress To Be Held In Ottawa Next Year

A tribute to Canada's progress was paid when it was decided to hold the 1927 world's poultry congress in Ottawa, according to Edward Brown, of London, England, president of the congress and president of the International Association of Poultry Instructors and Investigators, who has been a guest recently at the Fort Garry Hotel. Mr. Brown was in Winnipeg to meet agricultural officials in connections with arrangements for the congress and incidentally he inspected the Manitoba Agriculture College buildings during his visit.

Cuts and Bruises Disappear.—When suffering from cuts, scratches, bruises, sprains, sore throat or chest and any similar ailment, use Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil. Its healing power is well-known in every section of the community. A bottle of Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil should be in every medicine chest ready for the emergencies that may always be anticipated.

Red Lake Bulletin

Many Prospectors Outfitting For Trip Into Mining Areas

Information regarding the district of Patricia, Red Lake, and adjacent areas has been compiled in handy bulletin form by the Ontario department of mines, together with information as to staking and recording mining claims and suggestions as to supplies and equipment for inexperienced prospectors. A good map of the Red Lake district is included. Hudson is now a busy spot, many prospectors outfitting there for the trip into the mining areas. Gold seekers numbering about 30 are arriving every day, leaving by the first steamer after they get their equipment together.

Amundsen Will Likely Retire

Has Attained Youthful Ambition To Visit Both Poles

When Amundsen was in Nome on a previous trip of exploration he declared that when a youth he had decided to visit both extremities of the earth and sail through the passages. Now that his life work has been attained it seems quite certain Amundsen will never again subject himself to the rigors of the Arctic or Antarctic climates. He is 53 years old.

Demand For Farm Machinery

Farm implement companies in Saskatoon report current sales in Central Saskatchewan, breaking all records for a period of years and greater by 100 per cent. to 200 per cent. than sales in 1925. This indicates that farmers in this, as well as other sections of the west, have a surplus of cash to invest in improvements.

British Columbia Sea Fisheries

Demonstration of British Columbia's outstanding lead in the deep-sea fishing industry of the Dominion is given in the summary of last season's catch issued by the bureau of statistics. The catch was valued at $24,208,926, a gain of over $2,000,000 over that of the previous season. Of this amount British Columbia contributed nearly fifty per cent., with an output valued at $11,607,937.

People overeat, overwork and overtax their bodies and mental energies, a doctor says. Overwork is the least excessive, probably.

The mayoralty of Surville, France, a village of 316 inhabitants, has been in the same family 117 years.

EMPIRE WALL BOARD
FIRE PROOF — TURNED EDGE
PLASTER CAST IN SHEETS

NABOB TEA
Tea as it should be

High in Food Value; Low in Cost



Ask Your Grocer for our Famous Sardine Cook Book. It is FREE.

BAKERS' OVENS—Write for catalogue and list of used ovens. Hubbard Oven Company, 1100 Queen West, Toronto.

Activity In Wainwright Field

Prospects Turning Out Better Than At First Expected

Steady expansion of activity in the Wainwright oil field is reported in Winnipeg. The Edmonton-Wainwright No. 1, which was brought in some weeks ago, is turning out even better than was expected, and the estimated capacity of 200 barrels a day will be greatly exceeded once regular operations are started. On May 17, Edmonton-Wainwright's well No. 2 brought in a supply of gas of 2,500,000 cubic feet daily, and a contract has been signed to supply the village of Irma, Alberta, over a period of years. It is reported that a California oil-driller, who visited the Wainwright field recently, was so impressed by what he saw that he is now shipping three rigs from California to this Alberta field.

Change In English Inheritance Law

Lord Birkenhead Would Have All Children Shares Equally

The old English law of primogeniture, by which the oldest son inherited all and the other children were left to exist as best they could, will very likely be done away with in England. Lord Birkenhead, who has done much to work out the new law, would have all estates not disposed of by testament will, divided among the children without respect to age or sex. The new law, it is thought, will break up the large English estates in a few generations.

They Bring Almost Instant Relief

That is What Mrs. A. Mills Says of Dodd's Kidney Pills

Ontario lady took Dodd's Kidney Pills for a weak back with very beneficial results.

Belleville, Ont. — (Special).—Short, but to the point, is the statement made by Mrs. A. Mills, who resides at 14 Green Street, Belleville. She writes:—

"I have always been troubled with a weak back; especially after any extra work. I find, if I take Dodd's Kidney Pills, they bring almost instant relief."

The relief that Mrs. Mills found has come to thousands of other Canadian women through the use of Dodd's Kidney Pills. That shows that the ache is caused by the kidneys, for Dodd's Kidney Pills are purely and simply a kidney remedy. For more than a quarter of a century Dodd's Kidney Pills have been a household remedy in thousands of Canadian homes.

New York Is Busy Port

There are usually about 300 ships in New York ports. They range from huge liners to fishing smacks. In a single month of a busy season some 500 ships leave the port of New York for all corners of the world.

Genuine BAYER ASPIRIN

Proved safe by millions and prescribed by physicians for

Colds Headache Neuritis Lumbago
Pain Neuralgia Toothache Rheumatism

DOES NOT AFFECT THE HEART

Safe — Accept only "Bayer" package which contains proven directions.
Handy "Bayer" boxes of 12 tablets. Also bottles of 24 and 100—Druggists.

Aspirin is the trade mark (registered in Canada) of Bayer Manufacture of Monoaceticacidester of Salicylicacid (Acetyl Salicylic Acid, "A. S. A."). While it is well known that Aspirin means Bayer manufacture, to assist the public against imitations, the Tablets of Bayer Company will be stamped with their general trade mark, the "Bayer Cross."

No Sign Of Compromise In The Coal Dispute In Great Britain

London.—There is not the slightest sign of a compromise from any quarter in the coal dispute, and the government is making preparations for a long stoppage in the industry. The miners have been on strike since May 1.

It has been decided by the government to ask parliament to extend operation of the Emergency Powers Act for another month in addition to the month sanctioned when the general strike was called.

The Liberal and Labor press is indulging in adverse criticism of Premier Baldwin for what is described as his complete inactivity so far as making any attempt to put an end to the deadlock. These newspapers point out there is danger of a war of attrition between the miners and mineowners.

A. J. Cook, secretary of the Miners' Federation, and the other leaders of the federation are still dead against any concession on the question of wages and hours.

Recoup Losses Of Car Dealers

Large Sum Voted For Remission of Taxes Paid on Automobiles

Ottawa.—A vote of $1,690,000 "required for the remission of excise tax paid on automobiles remaining in the hands of dealers and unsold at the time when such tax was repealed by order-in-council of December 18, 1920," passed the House of Commons in committee of supply.

Hon. Geo. Boivin, minister of customs, told the house that the average loss to each automobile dealer had been $833.33 on 7,503 cars. It was in the nature of a compassionate allowance and the amount was large enough to include interest accumulated. The dealers had a claim in equity and justice although not on law and the minister said he would welcome opinion as to whether or not interest should be paid.

Right Hon. Arthur Meighen said he was aware that there was much merit in the claim for remission when an excise tax which had been paid was removed. He could see no reason why interest should be denied and regretted that some earlier solution had not been possible.

Winnipeg Bandit Captured

Robbed Branch of Royal Bank and Kills Youthful Bank Employee

Winnipeg.—After the most desperate gun battle in the annals of the Winnipeg police department, William Davis, who a few hours previously had held up the Logan Avenue branch of the Royal Bank of Canada, killing Maurice Garvie, a 19-year-old clerk, and escaping with $2,000 in currency, was captured at a rooming house a short distance from the scene of the murder. Davis is said to have been born in the state of Michigan and to be of Jewish parentage.

In attempting to escape from the house, Davis was probably fatally wounded.

Davis was positively identified as a man with a long police record. He has served terms for robbery in the Stillwater, Minn., penitentiary; the Stony Mountain penitentiary in Manitoba and the Burwash penitentiary in Ontario. Police state that he is a drug addict. He is 25 years of age.

Says Arctic Eskimaux Are Doomed

Montreal.—The Eskimaux of the Canadian Arctic are doomed to early extermination unless prompt methods are adopted by the government for their protection, in the opinion of Captain Henry Toke Munn, retired Arctic trader, with ten years' experience of the north, as given in an interview here.

No New Legislation

Ottawa.—Except for some amendments to the criminal code, "and possibly some minor legislation," the government has no new legislation to present to parliament this session. Premier King so informed the Right Hon. Arthur Meighen in the House of Commons.

Will Attempt Channel Swim

Boulogne.—Miss Ethel Cannon, the young Baltimore swimmer who will attempt to swim the English Channel in July or August, has arrived here. She was met by William T. Burgess, the veteran trainer and the second man to swim the channel.

Income Taxes In 1924

Ottawa.—Answering a question in the House of Commons, the minister of customs stated that 225,514 individuals paid personal income tax in the fiscal year of 1924. Of these 218,474 had incomes below $10,000.

Cost of Strike to British Railways

London.—The gross losses suffered by the four big railway companies of Great Britain as a result of the general strike and the coal miners' strike amount to £6,490,000, according to the Railway Gazette.

Dentists and physicians at convention in Chicago say too many teeth have been pulled.

W. N. U. 1631

Canada May Have National Air League

Advocated at Annual Meeting of Air Force Club in Vancouver

Vancouver.—Formation of a National Air League in Canada that would embrace in its membership all the important cities and towns in the Dominion was advocated at the annual meeting of the Air Force Club here.

Major D. R. MacLean declared that at present many of the larger cities, including Winnipeg, Toronto and Vancouver, had organized clubs of officers of the Royal Canadian Air Force and the feeling was universal that in the interests of flying a wider and stronger organization was needed.

The recently announced policy of the Federal Government, calling for a reduction of the air force estimates, was criticized. It was felt that the effect could be counteracted to some extent through the formation of a strong Dominion-wide organization.

Japanese City In Ruins

Huge Irrigation Reservoir Bursts Banks and Floods Kitsura

Tokio.—The Mayama irrigation reservoir in the Akita prefecture of Northern Japan has burst its banks and has swept away half of the town of Kitsura, according to reports received here. The town has a population of 7,000 and it is feared that the casualty list may be heavy.

The reports say that the post office, a bank and a theatre in Kitsura have been carried away by the water. Details of the flood situation are lacking.

A large number of injured have been taken from the ruins of eighty buildings, including the town hall, which were washed away when the dam broke.

Roads, telegraph and telephone poles were carried away in the flood, interrupting communication and making accurate details of the catastrophe unobtainable.

Assassinates Former President Of Ukraine

Jew's Bullet Ended Career of General Simon Petlura

Paris.—The spectacular career of General Simon Petlura, former president of the Ukrainian Republic, recognized as such by the allies in March, 1919, and later beaten by the Bolsheviki, has come to an end.

He died in the Charity Hospital here a few hours after he was shot down by a Ukrainian Jew, Samuel Schwartzbar, in the student quarter of Paris. The assassin did not resist arrest.

Schwartzbar exulted over his deed, saying it was in revenge for the way Petlura had mistreated Russian Jews in the Ukraine when he held power.

Grant For Canadian School

French Government Gives Ground For Archaeological Studies

Paris.—The French Government has granted a piece of ground in the Department of Dordogne at Combe Capelle to the Canadian School of Prehistoric Studies for Archaeological Purposes. Classes will begin in July under the supervision of Dr. Henri Ami, and will be carried on under the patronage of the Royal Society of Canada. It is expected the Canadian universities will send representatives to the school.

Park Land Bill

Ottawa.—A bill which removes from national park and forest reserve in the four western provinces certain lands suitable for agricultural purposes and which adds to the parks and forest reserves certain other lands was dealt with in the House of Commons. After some slight discussion the bill was reported from committee and now stands for third reading.

U.S. To Participate

Toronto.—United States Government has officially accepted Canada's invitation to participate in the World Poultry Congress to be held at Ottawa in 1927, and has made an appropriation of $20,000 for preliminary expenses of its participation, F. C. Ford, director of the congress, told an organization meeting here.

Employment Shows Increase

Ottawa.—Although activity in some lines was retarded by the unseasonable weather prevailing generally at the beginning of May, says the bureau of statistics, employemnt on the whole showed a considerable increase, 23,148 persons being added to the staffs of 5,866 firms reporting, who employ 773,417 workers.

Cyclone Hits Burmah

Rangoon, Burmah.—Reports reaching here from Akyab say that a severe cyclone has caused considerable loss of life and considerable damage to property. The law courts and most government buildings were destroyed. Telegraphic communication has been interrupted.

Finds Canada Ideal

Conditions Superior to U. S. Says Swedish Government Lecturer

Regina.—Canada as a future home for many Swedish citizens was described as ideal by Gunner Brunius, official lecturer of the Swedish Government, who arrived in the city accompanied by H. Hermanson, Winnipeg, former member of the Saskatchewan legislature.

Mr. Brunius is making a trip through Canada from coast to coast in the interests of immigration. Much of his time will be spent in British Columbia, where he will make extensive studies of the fishing and lumbering industries. He expects to return to Stockholm in January and commence a series of lectures describing Canada. He is taking pictures enroute which will be transferred to slides to illustrate the lectures.

Preference to Canada over the United States as a field for immigration by Scandinavians was expressed by Mr. Brunius. He declared that Canada did not receive enough publicity in Sweden, and deplored the fact that emigration to Canada had not assumed larger proportions.

Queen Celebrates Birthday

Her Majesty Was Fifty-nine Years Old On May 26

London.—Her Majesty Queen Mary was 59 years of age May 26.

Flags were flying from all the government buildings in observance of her birthday. She is in excellent health, but the recent strenuous years have caused her hair to be noticeably whitened.

The Queen, who was born in Kensington Palace, May 26, 1867, was the only daughter of the Duke of Teck and H.R.H. Princess Mary Aledaide Wilhelmina Elizabeth, younger daughter of H.R.H. Adolphus Frederick, first Duke of Cambridge, son of George III. She was married to her cousin, King George V., then Duke of York, at the Chapel Royal, St. James Palace, July 6, 1893. King George and Queen Mary were crowned in Westminster Abbey, June 22, 1911.

Labrador Boundary Hearing

Will Come Before Committee of Judicial Council in October

Ottawa.—The department of Justice has been notified that the date set for hearing the Labrador boundary dispute before the judicial committee of the privy council is October 19 next.

Right Hon. C. J. Doherty, former minister of justice, with English counsel, will represent the Dominion Government.

TARIFF BOARD WILL DEAL WITH STEEL INDUSTRY

Ottawa.—The tariff advisory board commenced its work by hearing the applications of two Canadian steel companies which asked for more tariff protection, as well as an argument in reply made by R. J. Deachman, who announced that he represented George Spence, a farmer of Maple Creek, Sask., and a consumer of steel products. Mr. Spence is the Liberal member of parliament from the constituency of Maple Creek.

The session was in the nature of a preliminary hearing which is to be followed by an inquiry into the steel industry in Canada which will continue over a period of several months. The tariff board will have the assistance of the technical staffs of several government departments. Shortly a questionnaire will be issued to the various companies which will be a basis of the investigation. Right Hon. Geo. P. Graham made it clear that the board was to be an open forum before which anyone could be heard on the subjects of tariffs.

Outstanding in the hearing was the argument of the Algoma Steel Company that the Canadian automobile industry was already adequately protected under the existing tariff by which was meant the tariff as amended this session of parliament. The Algoma Steel argued consequently that the "draw-back" of 99 per cent. enjoyed by automobile manufacturers on several articles of steel was unjustified. The case was presented by Norman Guthrie.

FOR MARKETING OF LIVESTOCK ON A POOL BASIS

Regina.—To co-ordinate the efforts of the livestock co-operative marketing organizations in Alberta, Saskatchewan and Manitoba the international inter-provincial livestock conference recommended the appointment of a committee of three—one representative from each province.

C. Rice-Jones, president and manager of the United Livestock Growers, told the conference that the shareholders of the United Grain Growers who are owners of the U.L.G. would be prepared to turn their organization over to the provincial livestock pools and give the producers their own central selling agency when the pools were on a strong basis as going concerns.

The conference passed a resolution calling upon the federal minister of agriculture to take steps to remove any disabilities that co-operative marketing organizations suffer from under the existing Livestock Products Act and to make provision to give co-operative livestock marketing organizations definite recognition under the act and to provide for special licenses being granted to co-operative marketing organizations to operate under rules prescribed by the department of agriculture.

G. F. Edwards president of the Saskatchewan Grain Growers' Association, presided at the conference.

Alberta Natural Resources

Bill Not Likely To Be Proceeded With This Year

Winnipeg.—The Ottawa correspondent of the Tribune says: A Liberal caucus had the plain intimation from the government that the Alberta Natural Resources Bill is unlikely to be proceeded with this year.

It was plainly indicated the government does not intend to vary the agreement in accordance with the Alberta Legislature's amendment regarding schools, but at the same time, the bill now before the house will not be proceeded with unless there is some unforeseen devlopment. "In the recess further negotions are hoped to bring about a settlement.

Franco-German Air Service Is Started

First Aeroplanes Left Capital Cities On May 26

Lebourget, France.—Aeroplane communication between Paris and Berlin became a reality May 26 for the first time since the war, when two French commercial planes left the air port here for the German capital, and a German plane left Berlin for Paris.

These are the first aeroplanes to pass over the once hostile country-side from capital to capital since the recent Franco-German agreement was signed.

Completing G'ant Motor Car

Noted Driver Will Attempt to Lower World's Speed Record

London.—A giant motor car now being completed at Wolverhampton to attempt to lower the world's speed record will be officially rated at 1,000 horsepower, have two engines and 12 cylinders, will consume a gallon of gas a mile and is expected to attain a speed of 200 or 230 miles an hour. Major Segrave, noted driver, will attempt to lower the record in September.

Level Crossing Costs

Ottawa.—Hon. C. A. Dunning, minister of railways, has a bill to amend the Railway Act in regard to level crossings. The bill will provide that the total amount of money to be apportioned and payable from any annual appropriation shall not, in the case of any one rail level crossing, exceed forty per cent. of the cost of actual construction work and shall not, in any case, exceed the sum of $25,000.

Succeeds de Valera

Dublin.—Mary MacSwiney has been elected president of the Sinn Fein executive council in succession to Eamon de Valera.

Would Include Union Jack

General Smuts' Suggestion For New South African Flag is Opposed

Captown.—During the debate in the legislative assembly on the government's bill providing for a new flag for the Union of South Africa without embodying the Union Jack in its design, Premier J. B. Hertzog declared he had no rancor towards the Union Jack, but he thought the unity spirit never could be brought about by putting it on the national flag.

General Jan Christian Smuts, leader of the South African party, pointed out that the government's provision for flying the Union Jack would only apply on Empire Day.

The opposition had supported a combination of the old Republican colors and the Union Jack for the proposed flag and they could see no reason to depart from this stand, he declared. General Smuts vehemently denied the assertion that the old Republican flag was dead. The proper method of approach, he declared, should be not the exclusion of the old flags, but their inclusion, as Great Britain had done in the case of the crosses embodied in the Union Jack.

Budget Resolutions

Minister of Finance Had Two Amendments Which Were Adopted

Ottawa.—Budget resolutions for the return of penny postage, abolition of the receipt tax, reducing the tax on playing cards, extending the list both of articles exempt from sales tax and of articles liable to only 50 per cent. sales tax passed the house.

Hon. J. A. Robb, minister of finance, had two amendments, both of which were adopted. One added steel tubing for oil wells and machinery for pumping crude oil to the list of articles exempt from sales tax. The other added dried or evaporated apples to the list of articles liable to only 50 per cent. of the sales tax.

A bill based on the resolutions was given first reading.

Morocco Chief Surrenders

Abd-el-Krim, Riffian Warlord, Has Finally Capitulated

Madrid.—Abd-el-Krim, the Riffian warlord, has surrendered. Official announcement to this effect has been made here.

Krim entered the French zone in Morocco in flight from the Boukouya tribesmen. Details of the surrender are not yet available.

Rather than fall into the hands of the Sultan and having to face native justice, Krim is declared to have preferred to put himself at the mercy of the French.

The submission of the chieftain had been expected in official circles, and there was much rejoicing throughout Spain when the foreign office made the announcement of his surrender.

PROTEST FROM HUNGARY HEARD AT GENEVA MEET

Geneva.—Feverish reinforcing of armaments by most of the European countries which contain the germs of new war was alleged by Hungary in a memorandum presented to the preparatory disarmament commission.

Hungary also complained with bitterness that, practically disarmed herself, she is surrounded by a group of allied countries possessing vastly superior military forces.

By this memorandum, Hungary has placed herself at the side of Germany, which country, through Count Von Bernstorff, already has protested that the Germans have been disarmed, while their neighbors are permitted powerful military forces.

The Hungarian memorandum caused a sensation, chiefly because of its strictures against the Little Entente.

The memorandum demanded the abrogation of treaty regulations whereby Hungary's army was restricted to 35,000 men, a force that the Hungarians consider insufficient to protect them. Hungary insisted armament reduction must be general to be effective, and issued a warning that if some reduction failed to materialize, Europe and the League of Nations would be gravely endangered.

Lloyd George May Make Overtures To The British Labor Party

London.—Political circles in London are humming with excitement over the open breach between Lord Oxford and Asquith, titular head of the Liberal party, and David Lloyd George, the real driving force and leader in the House of Commons. Everyone is speculating on Lloyd George's future. It is recognized that either he or Lord Oxford must leave the party, and it is not expected that it will be Lord Oxford, who has the support of the old-timers in the control of the Liberal machine. On the other hand, it is believed, Mr. Lloyd George, if he plays his cards well, can win the support of the Liberal rank and file of voters, and perhaps attract new blood.

Mr. Lloyd George, it is believed, will refuse to accept expulsion from the Liberal party, but he may place himself at the head of the radical wing and make approaches to labor, not for a fusion, but for co-operation and perhaps a coalition in the event of the new alliance coming to power. It is believed he would be willing to serve under a labor prime minister, while preserving his political independence as a left wing Liberal.

With this programme in view, it is believed he is planning as soon as parliament re-assembles, to advocate settlement of the mine crisis and favor Labor policies, generally posing as the tribune of the people and co-operating closely with the Laborites.

Lloyd George Sticks To Former Opinion

Blames Government For Breaking Off Negotiations Before General Strike

Llandudno, Wales. — Mr. Lloyd George, chairman of the Liberal parliamentary party in the House of Commons, defended his attitude toward the general strike, which has been strongly censured by the Earl of Oxford and Asquith, leader of the Liberal party.

Mr. Lloyd George charged that the negotiations between the government and the union leaders had been broken off because of the strike in the office of the Daily Mail. He said that the trades union leaders had repudiated this strike, but that the government refused to negotiate further, although there was still twenty-four hours before the general strike was timed to commence.

"All this doesn't justify the general strike," Mr. Lloyd George said, "but while we are blaming the trades union leaders for their blunders, let us be impartial in our judgment and mete out condemnation of the incredible blunders committed by the government."

"However much I disapprove of this weapon, I could not work myself up to a pitch of righteous anger against men who, however mistakenly, however unwisely, however wrongly, were acting from no selfish or destructive impulse, but were risking their own livelihood to help their comrades in a desperate plight."

Won't Appeal Convictions

Fruit Concerns Abandon Appeal From Fines Aggregating $200,000

Vancouver.—Notice of the abandonment of their appeal from conviction and fines aggregating $200,000 has been filed in the court of appeal registry here on behalf of J. A. Simington, S. P. Lloyd, William Colquhoun, W. E. Carruthers, of the Mutual Vancouver Limited; Mutual Brokers Limited, Calgary; Mutual Brokers Limited, Regina; and Mutual Brokers Limited, Winnipeg.

The notice is signed by appellant's counsel, E. P. Davis, K.C., H. B. Robertson, K.C., A. McLeod Sinclair, K.C. and J. D. McPhee. The appeal was to have been heard in Victoria in June.

With the abandonment of the appeal the crown has arranged to drop its cross appeal for prison terms for the convicted Nash officials found guilty of conspiracy.

They had been fined $25,000 each by Mr. Justice D. A. McDonald, who, in addition, imposed nominal imprisonment of one day. Similar fines were assessed against the guilty corporations.

Britain Bars U. S. Socialist

Was Refused Permission to Land at Plymouth

Plymouth, Eng.—Chas. E. Russell, Socialist candidate for governor of New York in 1910-12 and author of numerous works on Socialism, was refused permission by immigration authorities to land here from the steamer President Roosevelt. No reason was given for the action of the immigration officials. He disembarked from the Roosevelt at Cherbourg. He said he was ignorant as to why the authorities refused to permit him to go ashore.

B.C. Fruit Crop Promising

Vancouver.—Prospects for a good fruit crop throughout British Columbia during the coming season are extremely promising, according to present indications, say officials of the Dominion and provincial fruit departments. "I would not be a bit surprised to see the fruit crop as heavy as it was in 1923, which was the largest crop we ever had," declared R. G. L. Clarke, of the Dominion department.

Alberta Election June 28

Provincial Campaign Is Now Off To a Good Start

Edmonton.—General election day in Alberta will be Monday, June 28, with nominations on Friday, June 10.

The writs have been issued for those dates and the campaign is now off to a real start. The government that is about to try conclusions at the polls in Alberta came into office in July, 1921, when a ticket nominated by the United Farmers won in a landslide majority over the former Liberal Government. A cabinet of farmer members was struck, with Herbert Greenfield for premier and one lawyer member for attorney-general in the person of John E. Brownlee. After a few years of the Greenfield administration, some dissatisfaction arose within the government ranks, and last fall a change was made at the instigation of the U.F.A. members, as a result of which Mr. Brownlee became premier in place of Mr. Greenfield. A policy of co-operation with Labor has obtained from the first and four of the members elected were Labor nominees, including one of the ministers.

Coal Shortage In Britain

Supplies Are Curtailed Owing to the Miners' Strike

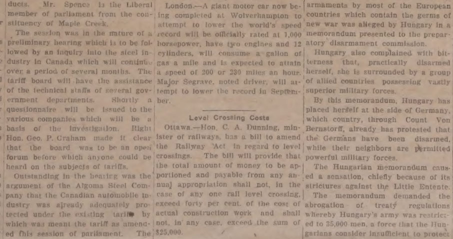
London.—A cloud of gloom swept over Piccadilly and the other night life centres of London with the announcement of further fuel curtailment, owing to the miners' strike. All sky signs and decorative lighting are prohibited under the newest order of the department of mines, which is the most drastic since the war days.

Coal supplies for factories are cut in half, householders will be allowed only fifty pounds weekly, and all street lighting will be reduced. The order is effective throughout the entire country.

Germany Divided Over Referendum

Will Vote On Confiscation of Former Rulers' Property

Berlin.—Controversy in the press is becoming increasingly bitter over the referendum on June 20 on the proposed confiscation of the property of the former ruling houses in Germany. According to a forecast based on the voting lists of the last presidential election, it will require 1,970,000 votes to establish a majority in favor of confiscation.



Lucky Canadian Bachelors

This party of pretty girls came over on the Anchor-Donaldson liner Letitia, one of the first liners to dock at Quebec this season. The girls are travelling under the auspices of the Salvation Army, and are recruited from all parts of Scotland, and are now on their way to various destinations in Canada.

Hope That Real Advance Has Been Made Towards World Disarmament

Geneva.—The League of Nation's preparatory disarmament conference which ended here was heralded as a step toward world-wide disarmament and was called by the optimists of the league the most important development since the signing of the Locarno agreement.

Adjournment of the one-week session, with technical sub-commissions entrusted with studying seven questions, which must be answered before a world disarmament conference can be called, brought expressions of pessimism and optimism.

Viscount Cecil, the British representative at the meeting, and other leaders did not conceal their belief that it may be years before a general disarmament programme can be carried out. Cecil called attention to the fact that the action of the session marked the first concrete step by the league toward disarmament after six years of study and preparation. Others claim it as entirely possible that another six years may elapse before the disarmament programme is outlined. It was pointed out that a general disarmament conference will be called by the league only when world-wide security agreements make possible armament reduction on so gigantic a plan as that which is desired.

As the final session closed, Cecil urged the sub-commissions to take all time necessary in preparing their reports. Their work, he pointed out, would constitute the basis for the greatest revolution the world has ever undertaken, namely, disarmament.

Plan Believed To Be Feasible For Tree Lining Of A Highway Stretching From Ocean To Ocean

The campaign being conducted by Dr. P. E. Doolittle, president of the Canadian Automobile Association (in which the provincial motor leagues of the Dominion are federated) for the tree lining of the trans-Canada highway from ocean to ocean, has resulted in bringing out a number of remarkable declarations from many sources not the least striking of which are some that describe the plan as chimerical because impossible.

Those that dogmatically state it to be impossible base their declarations on the fact that the open prairies are practically treeless.

A summarized composite statement of their case might be: "If trees could be grown on the prairies they (the prairies) would have been clad with one vast forest."

It is strange indeed how a popular fallacy persists and is stated as a fact with a fine air of finality long after it has been demonstrated by fact to be a fallacy. It is true that the absence of trees on the prairie long puzzled the savants, and to this day different reasons are advanced for this natural phenomenon. During many centuries the recession of the great ice cap of the glacial period or ice age formed a huge ice dam to the natural drainage north of the Canadian western plains. This resulted in the formation of an enormous lake known to science as Lake Agassiz. When the cap had retreated from the continent the vast moraine carpeted prairie provinces were again drained. Why didn't they become naturally reforested as other sections of the ice capped world did? Some say that the prairie fires annually set by the Indians prevented tree growth. Others state that owing to the unprotected nature of the terraine the severity of storms and climatic conditions destroyed the seedlings. There are still other theories.

But that trees of many varieties can be grown on the prairie has been a demonstrated fact for many years. An article recently told of tens of millions of trees being grown on the farms of the prairie provinces as well as in the towns and cities, thanks largely to activity of the forestry branch of the department of the interior and its nursery stations.—By W. B. Hastings, M.S.A.E., in Toronto Star.

Homeseekers From U. S.

Experienced Farmers From Western States Investigating Prospects In Canada

The first of several parties of prospective land buyers and homeseekers from the United States to come to Western Canada this season under the auspices of the Canadian National land settlement scheme, reached Winnipeg recently with Capt. L. M. Boyd, superintendent of colonization for the National Railways at St. Paul, Minn. The party, which consisted of 34 experienced farmers from Minnesota, Dakota and Nebraska, are looking over the Eston district in Saskatchewan with a view to purchasing farms. Practically all of them have just finished seeding the land which they still own in the States. If they secure farms in Canada, they intend to transfer their stock and machinery and be ready to begin operations next spring. Several farmers who purchased land in the western provinces last year have moved their equipment from the States and are now engaged in mixed farming with a crop already in.

Business Men to Visit America

A party of Japanese business men representing the Associated Chambers of Commerce of Japan will visit the Dominion during the coming summer. The Chambers of Commerce of the Orient arranged the trip so that their representatives might study conditions in European countries. They will arrive at San Francisco on June 14 and are due at Vancouver on August 5 after their journey across the United States and Canada.

Perishable Goods

News is the most perishable of the commodities that are daily sold to the public. It is perishable because something that happened yesterday ceases to be of much news value to a public that is concerned with today, and something that happened last week ceases to be news at all.—Peru Tribune.

Always A Catch

Sandy: "Yon wireless is wunnerful. Think o' hearin' the sairmon frae the kirk in yer ain hame an' nae collection tae worry aboot."

Jean: "Aye, but ye ken ye ha'e to pay a license tae the government afore ye can listen in."

Sandy: "Och! aye—I thocht there wis a catch in it somewhere."

Aeroplane For Shopping Trips

Aero-shopping trips to Paris are being arranged for by the Handley-Page Company. Air liners will leave Croydon at 8 a.m. Spending the day in Paris the shoppers will re-arrive in London at 7 p.m.

The farmer would have no kick coming if the cyclone would lift the mortgage from his farm along with the rest of the paraphernalia.

A talkative friend can do more harm sometimes than a silent enemy.

Hogs On Pasture

Experiment Conducted At the Central Farm at Ottawa

The pasturing of hogs on clover, Japanese millet and sweet clover was made the subject of an experiment carried on last year by the Dominion animal husbandman at the central farm at Ottawa. The test covered a period of sixty-nine days from June 6, during forty-two of which the hogs got skim-milk and clover pasture and during the remaining twenty-seven days they were fed skim-milk, Japanese millet and sweet clover, besides the regular rations, which consisted of two parts oats, one part corn, one part middlings, one part bran, five per cent. tankage, and three per cent. oilmeal. In the twenty-seven day period the amount of bran was reduced by half. In his report, after giving full details, the husbandman, Mr. G. B. Rothwell, draws these deductions: That the Berkshire hogs made slightly more economical gains than the Yorkshires on pasture; that the Yorkshires consumed more meal and milk per pound of gain produced; that the Yorkshires are more subject to sunburn than the Bershires, which factor may prove detrimental when feeding these hogs on pasture, and that the hogs readily consumed the clover during the first period and also the Japanese millet and sweet clover pasture during the second period.

Immigration To Canada

Many Canadians Now Returning From the United States

Immigration for March, 1926, was more than double that of March, 1925, according to official figures issued by the department of immigration and colonization. The exact figures were 15,229 for March, 1926, compared with 6,575 for March, 1925. Immigration for February also practically doubled the previous year, the comparisons being 4,396 with 2,210. In every month since November, immigration has been greater than for the corresponding month a year ago, but the figure for the fiscal year is smaller, being 96,064 compared with 111,362.

Immigration from the United States has been higher in every month since and including Auguts last than in the corresponding months a year ago. American immigration for the year amounted to 18,778 compared with 15,-818 the previous year.

A total of 47,221 Canadians were reported as returning from the United States in the fiscal year 1925-6 ended March 31, after an absence of more than six months in that country with the intention of permanently residing in Canada. This number is not included in the immigration returns quoted above.

Cows Need Grain Ration

Better Results Obtained Than By Feeding All Grass

While grass is both food and medicine for the dairy cow, she will keep in flesh longer and yield a better paying flow of milk by being fed a moderate ration of grain. By so doing she will be built up against the day when the grass will be short and the flies will do all they can to rob the cream cheque. Along with the extra feeding should go a good deal of attention to the cow's comfort during the very hot hours of the day. The cows will improve immensely by a little attention in this regard. Bossy appreciates attention to her comfort and necessities and shows her gratitude by putting a few pounds extra in the milk pail. It is in these extra pounds made up little scraps of timely attention that the profit lies in the dairy business.

Clover and Grass Seed

Clover and grass seed produced in Canada during 1925, according to a report of the bureau of statistics, amounted to 22,564,600 lbs., valued at $3,594,170, representing the crop grown on 156,825 acres. Of this total, red clover seed amounted to 2,188,500 lbs., value $656,500; alsike, 12,252,000 lbs., $1,254,000; alfalfa, 6,162,000, $941,-600; sweet clover, 7,802,000, $353,600; timothy, 4,040,000, $370,200; and blue grass, 120,000, $18,000.

Quick Increase In Land Values

Jumping land values in London were exemplified by a recent sale. The owner bought eleven and a half acres known as Harringay Dump, at £4,000 an acre. Later, part of the land was sold at £16,000 an acre. During the past few weeks threequarters of an acre of the same property was sold at £27,000.

Age Of Advertisement

This is an advertising age—an age of publicity. The merchant or the manufacturer who does not recognize that fact, and talk to the public about his business every day through the newspapers, soon loses touch with the consumer and notices the effect on his ledger.—Victoria Times.

First Package Freight

The first lake and rail shipments of the season were landed at Port Arthur on May 5 by the package freighter Glenella and delivered in Winnipeg on the morning of May 7 by the Canadian National Railways.

Canadian Wheat Pool

The Growth and Advantages of Co-operative Marketing of Western Wheat

The farmers of Western Canada in less than three years, have established the largeset co-operative organization of its kind in the world. The Canadian Wheat Pool, with its three units in the provinces of Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta, now has a total membership of 125,000 farmers, controlling 13,230,000 of the 21,000,000 acres sown to wheat last year in the three prairie provinces. It is handling the sale of the greater part of the wheat production of Canada, and Canada already exports more wheat than any other country in the world.

The largest proportion of the wheat is sold by a central selling agency to importers and buyers in different countries of the world and its own representatives in 51 ports of the world. The funds which accrue from the sales are disbursed to the members of the three pools. This method of handling wheat provides a large volume through one agency and reduces the cost of operation to a minimum.

The Wheat Pool in Western Canada is a notable example of the advancement made by the farmers of this age. Already it has shown the possibilities and advantages of co-operative marketing. The farmer in the Canadian west, who is a member of the Wheat Pool, has realized that under the old system he sold his grain to middlemen who bought it for the express purpose of making a profit in the reselling of it. Under the old system, too, the farmer sold his wheat and took what the market offered. In the pool system he delivers his grain when convenient and obtains the average price of the selling period, together with the saving in the handling costs. The pool price to every member is the price at Fort William, less handling charges and freight charges. The latter, of course, vary according to the length of the haul.

With the development of Canada's agricultural areas, only one-fifth of which are as yet under cultivation, the growth of the Canadian Wheat Pool may reach a magnitude never before conceived in co-operative marketing.

Progress Of Dairying

Returns From Dairying Larger Than Revenue From Mines

In less than 20 years the dairy production of Canada has increased in value from $94,000,000 to $300,000,000.

Dr. Ruddick, Canadian Government dairy commissioner, in a recent statement, points out that the returns from dairying in Canada are greatly in excess of the revenue from the mines which last year produced minerals to the value of $209,583,406.

Though Ontario and Quebec are the chief centres of dairying in Canada, it is also a profitable industry in each of the provinces. In recent years the prairie provinces of Western Canada have made remarkable progress and are now large exporters of butter.

Grain Movement In Alberta

From the commencement of the grain shipping season on August 1, 1925, to date, practically 40,000,000 bushels of grain, principally wheat, have passed through the hands of the grain inspection department at Calgary. For the whole season last year, which did not finish until the end of July, 29,000,000 bushels were handled. The development of the western route is said to be the cause of the large increase.

Leaders In Special Crops

British Columbia is only slightly behind Ontario in fruit production, and has a monopoly on goats, hops and rabbits. Prince Edward Island is still the most important fur-farming province. Quebec leads in the production of maple products, and Ontario in fall wheat, tobacco, sugar beets, flax fibre, clover and grass seeds.

The office spends more time in dodging the man than it does in seeking him.

Natural Resources Bulletin

Wheat Is the Most Powerful Factor In Attracting People to Canada

The natural resources intelligence service of the department of the interior at Ottawa, says:

Among field crops wheat stands first. No other natural product, whether of agricultural, forest, mineral or marine origin, has exercised such vitalizing influence upon the economic life of Canada in recent years. Wheat has been the most powerful factor in attracting population and capital to the Dominion, in bringing virgin areas under cultivation, in widening the market for domestic manufacturing, mining and other industries, in building up the volume and value of export trade, and in creating the purchasing power necessary to finance Canada's heavy imports of textiles, iron and steel, sugar, coal and other essentials which, for various reasons, are drawn wholly or largely from abroad.

The statistics of yearly crops give but a faint picture of the manner in which wheat has impelled the material progress of Canada. When Western Canada finally captured the faith of the land seeker, when the delusions respecting its climate and fertility were definitely swept away, population and railways advanced more rapidly than they had ever before invaded a new country. In the period 1901-1921 the territory embraced by the present provinces of Alberta and Saskatchewan increased eight-fold in population, and the occupied land by over some 65,000,000 acres.

Agricultural Wealth

Figures Would Surely Show That Agriculture Is the Basic Industry Of Canada

Gross agricultural wealth of Canada at the end of 1925 was $7,832,942,-000, an increase of $324,685,000 over 1924, according to an estimate recently issued by the Canadian Government bureau of statistics. The total agricultural revenue of the Dominion last year was $1,708,567,000, an increase of $264,890,000 over the previous year. By provinces the revenue from agriculture last year was: Ontario, $477,-159,000; Saskatchewan, $416,022,000; Quebec, $282,739,000; Alberta, $245,-662,000; Manitoba, $142,046,000; British Columbia, $42,444,000; New Brunswick, $39,506,000; Nova Scotia, $39,-120,000; Prince Edward Island, $23,-869,000.

In the same report the average yield of wheat per acre in Canada for the ten years 1916-25 is shown to have been 15.2 bushels; oats, 31.5 bushels; barley, 25 bushels; rye, 15.6 bushels; corn for husking, 46.4 bushels. Wheat in 1925 sold at an average price of $1.12 per bushel. The total crop was 416,549,700 bushels from 21,972,732 acres, the second largest crop on record.

Serious

Three Scotsmen were seen to be quarreling in a tea-shop.

A crowd assembled, but the Scotsmen took no notice. They were seen to toss a coin. One man, the loser, stood up and strode over to the counter. He ordered a cup of tea and three saucers!—London Tit-Bits.

Russian Cathedral Sinking

Serious fissures have developed in the great granite monolithic columns of the cathedral of St. Isaac. Built upon submerged wooden piles, the edifice which cost $15,000,000, is steadily sinking. Shoring work, in progress for 50 years, was discontinued by the Bolsheviki.

"Have you caught that burglar yet?"

"No," replied the detective, "we haven't caught him, but we've got him so scared that he doesn't dare to show himself when we're around."

As a man grows older he spends less time on his pleasures and more on his ailments.

Farmers Warned Not To Increase Potato Acreage

Possibility That Market May Not Be Good Next Season

Mr. Geo. E. McIntosh, the Dominion fruit commissioner, warns potato growers against planting an increased acreage this spring. The present high prices are an incentive to do this, but there is every possibility that market conditions will not be so good next season. In a recently issued statement Mr. McIntosh points out that in 1925 there were unusually small crops both in Canada and the United States. The shortage in the United States made a heavy demand on our supplies and had an important influence in causing the high prices. It would, therefore, be advisable for potato growers in all the provinces to give this matter careful consideration and to plant only their normal acreage of potatoes lest a huge crop bring about a repetition of the unprofitable marketing conditions of the previous few years.

Asbestos Exports Higher Last Year

United States Canada's Best Customer With Germany Second

A new high record was established in the Canadian production of asbestos in 1925. The total shipments for the year were 290,389 short tons, valued at $8,988,360, as compared with 225,744 tons at $6,710,830 in 1924 according to finally revised statistics on the industry just issued by the mining branch of the Dominion bureau of statistics at Ottawa.

Exports of asbestos (including sand and waste) in 1925 totalled 258,017 tons, or 58,268 tons in excess of the quantity exoprted in 1924. Shipments to Great Britain amounted to 8,709 tons, to United States, 209,879 tons, and to Germany, 11,120 tons. Exports of asbestos to Australia, Belgium, France, Italy and the Netherlands increased materially.

Ontario Hardwood Industry

American Firm Purchases Large Area Of Timber Near Sault Ste. Marie

Premier G. Howard Ferguson of Ontario has confirmed the report that a large area of hardwood timber between Sault Ste. Marie and Thessalon had been sold by the Provincial Government to an American firm, which is to build a large plant for the manufacture of hardwood products. The area sold is of 1,458 square miles, and the sale marks the first attempt on a large scale to establish a hardwood industry in the province.

The province will collect $2.50 bonus and fifty cents statutory dues on every thousand feet of hardwood cut, and the cut will be from fifteen million feet in the first year to 25,000,000 the second and thereafter.

Finns Succeed In Canada

Are Prosperous Owners Of Large Farms In B.C.

Six hundred Finnish farmers from British Columbia left for their native country. They are returning, some of them to settle in Finland, others to take a vacation.

The majority have not set eyes on Finland since they left twenty years ago. All have succeeded here and are now prosperous owners of large farms in British Columbia.

Convention of Unique Club

Thirty-seven states sent prominent baldheads, about 500 of them, to Bridgeport, Conn., on May 10, when the Baldhead Club of America held its annual convention. Under the charter a man must have three inches of bald pate, plus $1, to become a member.

Tact is what enables a barber to ask a bald man about a shampoo without seeming sarcastic.

Shopper.—"I'd like a petticoat."

Salesgirl.—"The antique department is in the basement, mam."



Ambassador Says League of Nations Necessary

"The question of European peace is the most urgent and immediate problem of all at present, even overshadowing the stupendous Asiatic Pacific problem," stated Sir Esme Howard, British ambassador to Washington, on his arrival at Toronto recently on a Canadian Pacific Railway train from the American capital. "In order to assist in maintaining peace in Europe," Sir Esme continued, "we must continue to be intimately connected with all its affairs. Great Britain cannot profess indifference to European politics as the inhabitants of the North American continent can. For this reason Britain is practically compelled in every way to support the League of Nations. If the league should disappear tomorrow we would be compelled once again to join some European combination against any country which threatened to dominate the continent."

Sir Esme was a guest at the Government House in Toronto and addressed a joint function of the Canadian Empire and Rotary Clubs. He later left for Ottawa in the Canadian Pacific private car Montroyal on his way to Montreal. At the left of the ambassador above, is Major-General Charlton, military attache to the British Embassy at Washington. At the right is Colonel Fraser, aide-de-camp to the Lieutenant-Governor of the province of Ontario.

System Of Intelligent Selection Practically Demonstrated And Makes For Successful Farming

The Production Of Wax

Beeswax Is Worth More Than Twice As Much As Honey

Beeswax being worth more than twice as much per pound as honey, all the wax that is produced in the apiary should be saved, says Mr. C. B. Gooderham, the Dominion apiarist. In an apiary worked for extracted honey the wax will come principally from cappings. A special box should be kept for old combs that have been rejected, for pieces of adventitious comb, for pieces of drone comb that have been cut out of worker combs, for trimmings of foundations, etc., as they represent wax. The best way to deal with cappings and pieces of clean new comb, says Mr. Gooderham, is to place them in a solar wax extractor consisting of a glass-covered box containing a sheet metal tray in which they will melt by the heat of the sun during the warmer months of the year; but combs that contain much pollen or have been used for rearing brood so often that they have become dark-colored cannot be rendered profitably in the solar extractor and must be melted over a fire in boiling water or by steam. A certain amount of wax may be extracted from such combs by rendering them in a wax extractor made on the principle of a potato steamer, but to get nearly all the wax out of them it is necessary to subject the molten mass to pressure. The supply dealers will readily take beeswax in exchange for comb foundation, charging a moderate commission per pound for making the foundation.

Opportunities For Poultry Raisers

Industry In British Columbia Is In A Prosperous Condition

The poultry raising industry in British Columbia is quite prosperous and there are good opportunities for experienced poultry men with a little capital to enter this business and make a success. Climatic and other conditions are very favorable for poultry raising. The scale which this industry has reached in British Columbia is indicated by the fact that one concern has recently installed incubators with a capacity of 24,000 eggs, and shipments of day-old chicks from a single concern average 5,000 a week.

Need To Improve Quality Of Beef

"Better Beef" Campaign Is Urged By Eastern Livestockmen

Several speakers at the annual meeting of the Eastern Canada Livestock Union, held at Toronto, emphasized the need for a "better beef" campaign throughout the Dominion. Equal in importance with the necessity of improving the quality of beef was the necessity for educating the consumer to an appreciation of what good beef really meant.

A resolution was passed urging that the federal and provincial governments be interviewed with regard to organizing an educational campaign.

Ship Canadian Fish Eggs

Large Shipments Sent to Irish Free State and Japan

Canadian fish eggs recently sent for experimentation in European and Japanese waters, have been received in the Irish Free State and Japan in a very satisfactory state, the department of marine and fisheries has been advised. Landlocked or Sebago salmon, collected in Chamcock Lakes, N.B., sent for experimental planting in selected waters of the Irish Free State; while 50,000 speckled trout eggs were forwarded to Japan from Vancouver. Further shipments will be made to Japan shortly.

Agricultural Land

Millions of Acres of Good Land Still Available for Settlement

In the most recent compilation made by the bureau of statistics, the total land area of Canada is placed at 2,-306,502,308 acres, of which 358,162,190 acres are possible farm land and 140,-887,803 acres are occupied. In Eastern Canada 50,095,406 acres are occupied and 70,168,784 are still available for settlement. In the four western provinces of Canada, 90,792,397 acres are under occupation and 147,106,603 acres, suitable for agriculture, still await prospective settlers.

Which Was Which?

A commercial traveller, wishing to have a little fun with a clergyman who occupied the same seat on the train, asked him if he had ever heard that in Paris, as often as a priest was hanged, a donkey was hanged at the same time. The victim of the joke replied in his blandest manner: "Well, then, let us both be thankful that we are not in Paris."

Those who break the ice to go in swimming aren't unique. So many social climbers suffer in the same way.

Youth is when you think men old at 30; middle-age is when you think youth silly; old age is when you envy boys of 40.

Don't fail to lay up something for a rainy day, even if it's nothing more than a borrowed umbrella.

Derwin concluded that "natural selection" had a great deal to do with the variations and advancements made in the species of animals and plants. In every field and flock there are individuals that differ in minor points of color, size, strength and other quality.

To seize on these points and perpetuate them in breeding has been the life-work of Burbank in flowers, of Saunders in wheat, and of many other experts in both plant and animal industries. This observation, selection and fixation has produced the three-hundred-egg hen and the all-year milking cow. It is a business worthy of the highest experts, and yet is within the scope of the amateur gardener and small farmer. Reduced to simplicity, it is the principle of choosing the lesser of two evils, and of two good points selecting the better, at every opportunity.

The slow increase of average yields, year by year, is based chiefly on this constant, watchful selection. The improvement may be small in each step, but will be notable in a generation. H. Groh, of the Ottawa experimental farm tells in Scientific Agriculture" the result of 25 years' selection work in his father's dairy herd.

A quarter of a century ago, a purebred Holstein sire was purchased. No attempt was made to get into "registered stock." The desire of the owner was to increase the amount of milk-yield from his cows.

The milk was weighed daily and the produce of each cow recorded. When changes were necessary in the herd, the least profitable cow had to go.

When a new bull was required, one from a dam of a little better record was obtained. The permanent idea of more milk per cow was never neglected.

At the beginning of the records the average yield of the young cows was thirty-six hundred pounds of milk for the first eight months of lactation. In twenty-five years the yield had risen to sixty-five hundred pounds for the same period, which is nearly double. This is an ordinary farm herd, with no official testing, registration or attempt at record-breaking. The cows are still "grades." But by weeding out the inferior and breeding from the best, the output of the herd is twice the quantity, with the same labor and expense. This is "intelligent" selection which makes for successful farming.—Vancouver Province.

Something To Think About

Always Demand For Essentials Supplied In Good Condition

Manufacturers of sterilized milk during the recent strike in London were asked to continue shipping to the Old Country. There were plenty of difficulties in the way of so doing, but the British Government thought the shipment of milk to be of sufficient importance to keep the supply uninterrupted. Milk, therefore, under the stern conditions encountered, was regarded as a necessity. On the other hand, manufacturers of fancy biscuits were instructed to discontinue shipments. These facts taken together are highly suggestive. First the demand for essentials is the last to cease. Will not farmers do well to keep this fact in mind? There is always a demand for an essential supplied in good condition. In the second place, fancy articles go by the board when the guns begin to shoot. The demand for essentials is broad based upon the condition of life itself. Fancy articles are of value only when whims may be gratified. It is well to take note of these facts.

Most Important Jews In U. S.

Who are the ten greatest American Jews? The Jewish Tribune has made a list of the ten Jews who have contributed most to the life of America. The list in order is as follows: Nathan Straus, financier; Louis D. Brandeis, justice of the supreme court; Louis Marshall, Julius Rosenwald, of Sears, Roebuck; Hyan Solomon, Oscar S. Straus, philanthropist; Stephen S. Wise, rabbi; Jacob H. Schiff, banker; Adolph S. Ochs, editor of the New York Times, and Felix M. Warburg.—William Allen White in the Emporia Gazette.

Birch Bark Canoes

Four hundred dozen birch bark canoes, the work of Indians on Manitowaning Island in the Georgian Bay, passed through Montreal recently for a New York destination. Each canoe is about twelve inches long and they are used as ornaments, being very decorative in their general appearance. Similar shipments have been made to New York for some years past.

Coleridge's Hat His Bank

Coleridge, the writer, had a peculiar way of keeping his money concealed in his hat and his manuscripts in his bath tub. For many years he had little enough money and didn't need much room for it, whereas his manuscripts during that time required a spacious container.

The want columns of the daily papers prove that man wants a great deal here below.

Fashion leaders are so called because they follow the fashion.

A National Fuel Policy

Hoped That It Yet May Be Found Possible To Solve the Difficulty

The special committee of the House of Commons which is investigating Canada's supply of fuel will be wished well in its announced plans for formulating a national fuel policy. The premiers of Nova Scotia, Quebec, Ontario and Alberta, the provinces more directly interested, are to be asked to appear before the committee in the near future with a view to giving assistance in working towards the object in view.

While there are many difficulties in the way, it should be possible to work out something of a national fuel policy for Canada, and to make the whole country less dependent upon United States' supplies. As the committee recognizes, two of the outstanding difficulties to be overcome are distribution and costs. A national fuel policy must be chiefly concerned with getting coal from the Maritimes and from western provinces which also produce it, to the central provinces, Ontario and Quebec—both large fuel consuming areas—at a rate fair both to these provinces and to the railways. Almost desperate efforts have been put forth in the course of the past year or two to make mutually satisfactory arrangements between the governments of Alberta and Ontario with a view to supplying the Ontario market from western fields. What arrangements have been effected have proved fairly satisfactory and give strength to the hope that a larger scheme, more embracing all Canada, may yet be found possible. Certainly, any such scheme will have to have the closest possible co-operation of all governments concerned and also of the railways.—Regina Leader.

Japs Are Growing Taller

Abolition of Floor Mat Has Increased Height Says Doctor

The perfect thirty-six, divinely tall and mostly divinely fair. In other words that calm, great lady of the Greeks, the Venus de Milo, still sets the standard of eternal beauty—in Japan as well as anywhere else, according to Dr. Kikutara Ishiwara, director of the department of hygiene and physical development of the Imperial University, Tokio. Dr. Ishiwara is in Canada and the United States studying public health methods and the hairdressing and beauty culture profession.

"The bodies of Japanese women," Dr. Ishiwara said, "are as long from the waist up as those of Europeans, but their legs are shorter. The abolition of the floor mat in Japanese homes has resulted in ten years, in a marked increase in stature of both men and women, and the disproportionate line that made whatever beauty a Japanese woman possessed merely relative has been entirely corrected.

"I am taking back to Japan with me," Dr. Ishiwara said, after a prolonged study in Europe of the Greek and the best of the Roman sculpture, a replica of the Venus de Milo. It is the hope of Japan to have each and every lady a perfect counterpart of Venus de Milo."

Business Quickly Terminated

Bookmaker Did Not Relish Methods Of Scotch Client

"I wish to open an account with you," a Scotchman wrote to a bookmaker at a Glasgow track, asking to be supplied with a packet of stamped, addressed envelopes so that he could forward his instructions and bets. The bookmaker thought the request somewhat unusual—even for a fellow countryman. He complied, however. But the budding business between the two was abruptly withered when the bookmaker received the client's first bet. The money took the form of the stamps steamed from the envelopes.—New York Evening World.

Canadian Apple Excels

In the imperial apple shows in England during years 1922 to 1925, Canadian apples won 64 first places, 73 seconds, 24 thirds and 22 special prizes. In 1925 the British Columbia Jonathan was judged to be the best dessert apple in the British empire, and the premier cooking apple was the Ontario Rhode Island Greening. In 1923 and 1924 Canadian-grown McIntosh apple was judged to be the best dessert apple in the empire.

Three Paris Scholarships

Paris scholarships tenable for one year, provided by the department of education, have been awarded to Miss Roxana Smith, dean of women at Regina College, Miss Jean G. Dixon, of Bedford Road Collegiate, Saskatoon, and Murdoch Matheson, principal of Assiniboia public school. They were selected by the trustees from fourteen applicants.

Can Be Tied Automatically

Bunches of vegetables or flowers are quickly and securely tied in a simple outfit operated by a foot lever while the user remains seated. It automatically adjusts itself to bundles from one-fourth to five inches in diameter.

British soldier, who deserted at Hong Kong, walked to England, crossing China, Mongolia, Siberia and Europe in 16 months.

Find Century Old Plant Cells

Those of Arizona Cactus Still Living Says Scientist

The discovery of plant cells that have lived and retained their individualities for more than a century was described to the American Philosophical Society at Philadelphia by Dr. Daniel T. MacDougal, director of the department of botanical research of the Carnegie Institution of Washington.

Most of the cells of trees die in a few years and their remains become part of the permanent woody structure. The ordinary cell of the living creature is supposed to disintegrate and become absorbed and replaced by other cells within a few years, although some biologists believe that brain cells endure throughout the life of the individual. It is difficult to account for the faculty of memory without supposing that the brain cells commonly live as long as their possessors, they say.

The century-old cells described by Dr. MacDougal are those of the giant cactus of Arizona. They belong to the pith, and are known to have been formed when the plant first started to grow. It has been assumed that these cells were dead, but recently a close examination of them by Dr. MacDougal showed that they were still living and functioning.

The giant tree cactus is known to be a particularly long-lived plant. Some specimens are believed to be 150 years old, and among the living cells examined by Dr. MacDougal are some which probably were in existence at the time of the American revolution.

Forest Fires In B.C.

Over 2,000 Last Year and Largest Number Caused by Human Agencies

The past year was an especially disastrous one from the standpoint of forest fires, more than 2,500 occurring in various parts of the province. Of this number only 600 were caused by lightning, the remainder being due to human agencies. Nearly $1,000,000 was spent in fighting forest fires last year, while about 1,000,000 acres of timber were burned.

At present British Columbia is cutting about two billion feet annually, while the natural growth is slightly greater than this. If the young forests are protected and allowed to grow, then this ratio can be obtained. The timber industry is worth $80,000,000 to the province annually, while the industry throughout Canada is worth from $400,000,000 to $500,000,000 annually.—Vancouver Sun.

Man-eating Tiger Killed

Had Terrorized People of Allahabad, India, For Seven Years

After a career of seven years, during which time it had done away with more than 200 human victims, the famous man-eating tiger of Allahabad has been shot by Captain Corbett.

Expeditions regularly were sent out by the police, military and government departments, but they failed to catch the terrifying beast who killed eight victims recently when the operations against it were stopped by inclement weather. The people in the district had been so terrified that they would shut themselves in their houses after sunset.

The tiger grew so bold in the winter it would smash the doors of the thatched huts of the villagers, carrying off its victims. The tiger was so important a question that means to exterminate it were asked in the legislative council.

An Enviable Position

In Per Capita Wealth Canada Only Surpassed By Britain and U. S.

"In estimated national wealth in millions of dollars, Canada stands seventh on the list, higher than Australia, Brazil, Argentina and in fact higher than any of the newer countries into which surplus population can freely flow," Dr. D. A. MacGibbon, professor of political economy, University of Alberta, stated recently. In wealth per capita Canada is only surpassed by the United States and Great Britain, continuing, "Canada is among the only five nations showing a surplus on current account, and is also among those countries having a food surplus. She ranks fifth among the nations as an exporter and seventh as an importer."

Prospector Uses Fokker Plane

Two eight-ton Fokker bombing planes will be used by W. A. Dunne, a northern prospector, to gain access to and facilitate transport to mineral claims situated in the barrens, east of Fort Smith. The area which contains the mineral prospects is more difficult of access than the Red Lake district.

Influx of Settlers

More than thirteen hundred settlers registered at the immigration hall at Edmonton during the month of April, the largest number to arrive in this part of the province in any one month since 1914.

A Narrow Escape

"Did you see my sunburst last night?" inquired the pompous Mrs. Newrich of her poorer neighbor.

"No, I didn't," said the neighbor caustically; "but I certainly thought he would if he ate another bite."

If his hands are soft and he arises at 8.30 a.m., he probably has a pet remedy for the farmers' troubles.

Found London Street Traffic Wonderful

Buffalo's Mayor and Chief of Police Visit World's Metropolis

"Your pavements are the most perfect in the world. They must be bad for the boot industry.

"What a lot of policemen you hire!

"London is the most orderly city we have so far visited."

The above are samples of the comments made by Frank J. Carr, deputy chief constable of Buffalo, United States, who, with the mayor of the same city, Frank X. Schwab, has been on a visit to London to inspect the traffic arrangements.

"Mr. Carr said: "The best advertisement of the orderliness of your London traffic is the cars themselves. Not one in 20 has a buffer or fender to protect its wings. Every car in the States has this device. If it did not some of the cars would be sorry spectacles."

During 12 hours, from 8 a.m., it was found that no fewer than 63,105 vehicles negotiated the Hyde Park Corner crossing. A similar census taken some time ago at other traffic centres gave the following results: Trafalgar Square, 48,577; Piccadilly Circus, 45,230; Oxford Circus, 32,957; Elephant and Castle, 30,597; Marble Arch, 46,743.

Hyde Park Corner is easily the busiest crossing in London.

Your Town and You

What Town Boosters Accomplish in the Way of Community Betterment

Your town boosts you. Why not do as well by the town as it does by you? No citizen is so powerful, none so humble, but what the town is an aid to him in some way or other.

The food that he eats, the clothes he wears, the recreation and amusement that he enjoys, all originate in the town, because the money with which they are procured is made there.

When a fellow boosts his own town he does not stop there. He is performing an act that improves his own condition, for every good word and every good deed has its elevating influence.

A few people are always home town boosters. They accomplish much in the way of community betterment, and this improves the condition of not only themselves, but also of those who do no boosting at all.

If every citizen would constitute himself a home town booster the result collectively would be many times as great, and opportunities for self improvement would be more numerous.

Think it over in your odd moments. Then get into the boost wagon and hit the pace.

People Require Foods That Contain Iron

Certain Amount Necessary to Keep Blood In Good Condition

Human beings and all animals must have iron if they are to live at all. Your blood owes its color to the iron that it contains.

When you have too little of this precious fluid you became pale and the doctor tells you that you are "Anaemic."

Physicians used to prescribe tonics containing iron in the hope that the latter might take the place of the missing iron in the body. But it is interesting and important to note, from the most recent studies by medical scientists and food chemists, that less and less stock is being placed in tonics containing iron and more and more in foods containing iron. According to these specialists the yolks of eggs, beans, whole wheat, beef, nuts, prunes and spinach are rich in iron.

Needed Expense Money

Foreign Nobleman Enjoyed Himself At Host's Expense

A socially prominent New Yorker, who has been entertaining a foreign nobleman at an Upper Park Avenue hotel was rather puzzled by a $10 item which appeared—with surprising regularity—on the bill for his guest's apartment.

"What are those $10 charges for?" asked the foreigner's host, when he went to the cashier's window.

"Cash advanced," said the man behind the wicket. "The count has been drawing $10 every morning for expenses."—New York Evening World.

The Bait

George.—I think Peggy will make an ideal wife. Every time I go there I find her always darning her father's socks!

Peter.—That caught me, also—until I noticed that it was always the same sock!—The Pathfinder.

Old Stuff

Science magazine states that cheese is one of the oldest forms of human food and has been utilized as far back as authentic records exist. Some of it undoubtedly has the odor of antiquity.

Marching Orders

"Beastly nuisance, I've been told I must go abroad at once."

"Well, you needn't always follow a doctor's advice, you know."

"It wasn't a doctor, it was a lawyer!"

French airships must have a registered inspection before they are allowed to be operated.

Urges Bi-Lingual Education

Essential For Canada's Development Says Soldier-Professor

"Considering the fact that the French language is the mother tongue of at least one-third of the population of Canada, I am not a bit loth to state that if this country is to go ahead it is essential for Canadian parents to see that their sons and daughters are educated bilingually. It is a duty which they owe to the rising generation, and the sooner it comes about the better for Canada."

Such was the expression of opinion given by Colonel Alexander MacPhail, C.M.G., D.S.O., A.D.C., LL.D., professor of civil engineering at Queen's University, Kingston, Ontario.

In the course of an interview, Col. MacPhail was firm in his advocacy for bilingualism in Canada. He realized the fact that others had striven to further this cause, but he was inclined to believe that the question, although of great portent, had never, perhaps, been considered seriously enough. His strong opinion was that it would mean the opening up of a vast realm of literature hitherto practically unknown to the majority. "And French literature," he added, "is recognized the world over as something of a superb nature."

Colonel MacPhail declared that he felt so strongly about this matter that he determined some time ago to have his son go to a Quebec seat of learning. His hope was that other English-speaking parents would see their way clear to educate their families in a similar manner.

One of World's Greatest Rivers

Large Ocean Steamers Navigate Amazon For 1,000 Miles

The Amazon is one of the greatest rivers and is sometimes called the King of Streams. From first to last it receives over 1,200 tributaries, of which more than 100 are large-sized rivers, and rise so far apart, and have their floods and ebbs at such different seasons, that the Amazon is at about the same height the year round. At some points on its lower course one bank is invisible from the other. The beholder seems to be looking on a great yellow sea of fresh water. Its mouth, including that of the Para, is 180 miles in width, and it is navigable for large-sized ocean steamers for 1,000 miles from the sea; and so vast is the flood that the ocean is tinged yellow for 400 miles from the coast of Brazil.

Western Canada Irrigation Convention

The annual convention of the Western Canada Irrigation Association will be held at Medicine Hat, July 27, 28 and 29 next. Owing to the development of the sugar beet industry in the irrigated districts of Southern Alberta, special attention will be paid to that subject and experts in sugar beet culture will have a prominent part in the programme.

There is being some interest taken in the proposal of a canal across Scotland.

Good Definition Of "News"

Daily Account of Human Affairs Very Aptly Described

News was described as "synthetic food, delivered for the purpose of satisfying a great human hunger" in an address by Henry Justin Smith, managing editor of the Chicago Daily News, before the Illinois Federation of Women's Clubs.

This definition was one of ten he said he had composed as his own guide. Some of the others were:

News is a revelation of things which a few people know about, made for the benefit of millions who would not otherwise know about those things.

News is the telescope and microscope in social laboratories.

News is an unrhetorical essay on life. It is poetry without form and art without artistic intention.

News is like the explosion of a hidden mine on a peaceful section of the battlefront.

News is a record of the good and the bad, but hardly ever of the indifferent.

News is a statement, not always of the new, but sometimes of the new made old; a statement not merely of the unusual, but often of the cruel.

News, which is sometimes spoken of as history, is rather an ingredient of history, and one which does not always stand the test of science.

News is an implement wielded by a profession which is no respector of persons, but tries to be a respector of human conventions, according to the standards of a given time.

News, at its best, is the comprehensive and credible, the enterprising but judicious, the eternally circumspect, but above all, the fundamentally fearless disclosure of what the human race has been doing for the last 24 hours, he concluded.

South African Tree In English Garden

Transplanted Over Thousand Years Ago Is Still Flourishing

During Athelstan's reign in Great Britain, over 1,000 years ago, a South African tree was transplanted in an English garden. This grandfather of trees, which is a specimen of the Kaffir bread plant, and gets its name from the fact that the pith of its young shoots contains starch which is eaten by the natives in the form of bread or sago, still flourishes. The usual height of such trees is twenty feet. This one, however, is only ten feet and measures 15 inches around its trunk. Long leaves with curling ends sprout from the top of its fairly smooth trunk. Each year fresh fronds are produced, the old ones falling and leaving scars. Thus, by noting the yearly crop of leaves and counting the scars on the trunk's surface, the age of the tree has been estimated.

Thought He Said Remnant

"You look like a Rembrandt," said a young man, admiringly, when he saw a young woman of his acquaintance at a Grenewich village costume ball.

"You don't look so well yourself," she replied.—New York Evening World.



She Certainly is Fond of Dolls

Dancing dolls, sleeping dolls, mamma dolls, beautiful dolls, he-dolls, wonderful, painted dolls. Dolls! Dolls! Dolls! Her arms are full, her room full, her bag filled with dolls, Mrs. W. Kendall Evans, one of the passengers on board the Canadian Pacific liner Empress of Scotland which made the cruise around the world this year, arrived in New York on April 10 with a collection of delicately colored charges which looked, en masse, like a miniature cosmopolitan club. Mrs. Evans, wife of the organizer of the Round-the-World-Golf-Club, collected a doll from every country visited by the Empress of Scotland on the 129-day globe encircling tour.

Nature As A Sculptor

Has Carved Faces In Rock On Cornish Coast

On the Cornish coast of England, Dame Nature has excelled in the art of the sculptor in the number of faces she has carved in the rock by means of wind and wave and weather. Every visitor to Land's End is taken to a certain point of vantage where can be seen the rugged features of Dr. Johnson, but in this case a little imagination is required. Far better is the remarkable likeness of Queen Victoria on the north coast of Cornwall. At Redruthen Steps, the Queen Elizabeth Rock rises majestically out of the sands. Every motorist through the lake district sees the lion and the lamb, on the summit of a mountain near Grasmere. The lion especially looks as well carved as one of the Landseer lions in Trafalgar Square. Strangely enough, approaching from the other side, two or three miles beyond, another rock on the same mountain takes precisely the same form, and on coming closer this rock changes to what is called The Lady at the Organ. This is a great rock in the shape of an organ, at which sits a woman with outstretched hands, as though producing "the sound of a great Amen."

Motorists Should Not Depend On Bumpers

Will Afford No Protection at High Speed According to Tests

The motorist whose automobile bumpers protect him at a speed of more than eight miles an hour is "just lucky."

Tests made by the Underwriters Laboratories at Chicago for companies handling casualty insurance show that no bumpers can be guaranteed to protect a motor car and its occupants from accidents at a great speed. Many accidents are prevented by bumpers when cars are travelling faster, but the extent of such prevention cannot be calculated.

The laboratories have a heavy steel, bullet-shaped ram mounted on wheels on an inclined track. Fastening bumpers submitted for test to a standard motor car frame, they let the ram crash into the bumpers at various speeds and for a specified number of times. A calibrated device records the ability of the bumper to withstand the collision.

Experiments have shown that a car travelling more than eight miles an hour may, under many circumstances, crack off a lamp post or knock down a telegraph pole.

Questionable Notoriety

Arab Boy Did Not Know Contents Of Certificate

A lady travelling through an inland village in Morocco was surprised to hear someone whistling a tune that sounded like Tipperary. On investigation a dirty Arab boy appeared in the sunshine who could actually speak a little English! He explained that he knew London quite well—"oh, ver-dam vell"—having once worked his passage there on a cargo boat. And then, he boasted, he had spent fourteen days in the great city, inside a "grand stone palace" (a prison) for stealing from his ship, before he had returned to his native land full of wonderful descriptions of the mad English nation. "Suddenly, while I was still laughing at his account of his adventure," said the lady, "he disappeared backwards into the hut, only to emerge a moment later swelling with pride, exhibiting with eloquent gestures and a veritable sunrise of smiles, a filthy, tattered document. It was a certificate, given him by 'the kind English gentleman—such a beauteous man, of yes, like unto a roaring lion, dammal'—stated that he had been deported as an 'Undesirable Alien!'"

Secret Of Walking Erect

Looking Up Instead of Down Will Prevent Stooping

There is no reason why old men should stoop. The late Sir Squire Bancroft owed his debonair mien to his upright carriage. He once revealed to us the secret of his erect sprightliness. He cultivated the habit of reading the names over the shop windows as he walked along the street. He looked up instead of down. His was the most erect spirit in London. The man who looks up is cheerful. There are pessimists who go through life without seeing the sky.—London Sunday Express.

Power Of Imagination

"I am shot!" she cried and a stout colored woman swooned on a Brooklyn street. "Murder, fire, police!" cried the observers. An ambulance arrived, 500 people crowded around. Doctors made an examination but found no wounds. It transpired that the deadly gunshot was the backfiring of an auto truck.

New Railway Line

Commencement will be made shortly on construction of the proposed branch line of the E. D. & B. C. Railway northwest from a point near Busby, north of Edmonton. The line will traverse the Pembina Valley, a rich farming territory.

Was Judge Of Singing

An old bushranger—after hearing Melba sing in Australia said: "I've walked eighteen miles to hear ye. And it was worth it. You're all prizes and no blanks. And mind you, I know a bit about singing. I was in a circus meself once."

Evidence Favoring Evolution

Toronto Professor Quotes Many Reasons In Support Of Theory

"Life was created by an infinite power and endowed with the property of progressing to higher expression and evolution has proceeded in obedience to His will for the working out of His purposes." Thus did Dr. W. A. Parks, professor of geology in the University of Toronto, sum up his convictions on the much discussed question of evolution, in his presidential address before the Royal Society of Canada at Ottawa.

"The evidence for evolution is circumstantial, but in a mass way it is so overwhelming that scarcely a scientific man holds other opinion," he said.

"Modern investigation," said Dr. Parks, "physical, astronomical and geological, all tend to increase the estimate of the age of the earth. The latest estimates, based on the rate of dissociation of unanium and thorium, make the age more than one billion seven hundred million years.

The first appearance of life is not known with certainty but there was a well developed life 700,000,000 years ago. From that time to the present life has continued and has shown a constant general advance to higher expression.

"Modern man appeared in Western Europe 25,000 to 30,000 years ago, but his direct ancestry is entirely unknown. Earlier races of man-like creatures preceded him for a period of more than 1,000,000 years. The post-Darwinists regarded these races as the ancestors of man and the bugbear of 'end-on' evolution has beclouded the question ever since. It is now believed that these extinct man-like races were collaterals of offshoots from the main stem and that the anthropoid ape, instead of being regarded as an ancestral type of man should be thought of as a degenerate or unprogressive descendant from a nobler line."

Apparent discrepancies between Biblical and scientific history are better left alone in the hope that future knowledge will remove them, Dr. Parks said.

A Doubtful Testimonial

Just As Well Indian Did Not Know Contents Of Letter

Have you ever been curious about a letter that some friend has written about you to introduce you to another? Then imagine how trying it would be to have the letter in a language you could not read! In the early days of the Hudson's Bay Company they used to give "certificates" of good character to those Indians who seemed to deserve it. These the Indians called "teapots," since that was as near as they could get to the pronunciation. They valued them greatly, carried them around with them and always presented them when they wished to do some trading with a white man. One old Indian kept one for years, presenting it whenever occasion offered, and never guessed that what it said was:

"This old fellow is a regular scamp. Watch him or he will cheat you out of everything. He lies like the mischief."—Youth's Companion.

Outlet For Loneliness

People Take Pleasure In Feeding Squirrels in Central Park, New York

One of the outlets for old age loneliness in New York is to feed squirrels in Central Park. New Yorkers are used to it, but it is an interesting sight for a stranger. The park squirrels have lost most of their timidity. They perch on shoulders of the feeders, snoop into their pockets and sit beside them, cocking their tiny heads quizzically. Many will rest on the shoulders of their almoners until exits of the park are reached, and then bound away. Every afternoon as the sun goes down the old men are feeding squirrels just as they feed the birds in Madison Square.—New York Correspondent.

Would Hardly Boost Sale

A young farmer wanted to sell his farm and was showing it to a prospective buyer. As they went over the house the farmer's little son trailed along at their heels from room to room. He, too, wanted to show the place off to the prospect, and in the bathroom he interrupted his father's eulogy on the plumbing to pipe:

"Look mister! See them nice big holes? That's rats."—Chicago Daily News.

Good Work

Walter Hagen, the golf champion, told a golf story at a dinner in St. Petersburg during his Florida trip.

"A Scotchman," he said, "played a round of golf at a famous club. Afterwards, as he was taking a shower, they asked him how he liked the course.

"'It's not so bad,' the Scotchman said, 'I lost three balls, but I found eight.'"

Natural History Society Outing

The Natural History Society of Manitoba has planned a survey of Victoria Beach Peninsula to be made this summer. Excursions are being operated by the C.N.R. during May, July and September to accommodate members.

This year marks the seventy-fifth anniversary of the manufacture of ice cream as a commercial industry.

WORLD HAPPENINGS BRIEFLY TOLD

The City of New York generates and uses about 10 per cent. of all electric energy generated in U. S.

Cowcatchers like those used on American railroad engines are being introduced on automobiles in London as a safety device.

After being published continuously for just over 21 years, the Red Deer News has ceased publication. It was sold to the Red Deer Advocate.

Out of a population of over 30,000, only 1,500 residents of Saskatoon will be liable to pay city taxes this year.

A liberty bell made of 20,000 electric lamps, and as tall as a six-storey building, is to be a feature of Philadelphia Sesquicentennial.

Had a secret ballot been taken among the miners' wives, says Emmeline Pankhurst, writing in The London Sunday Express, the miners' strike would never have been called.

The Canadian Club of New York has a total membership of 1,300 and has increased at the rate of one member per day during the last three months.

Women and girls in the West Ham Guardians' Central Home, London, Eng., detained under the provisions of the Lunacy Act, are to be allowed to visit the local cinema once a week, at the expense of the guardians.

One hundred dead and more than 200 injured have been removed from the mass of mud, lava and rocks precipitated by the eruption of a volcano in Tokachi province, Hokkaido Island, Japan.

John H. Fox, deputy receiver of taxes at Long Island City, has installed four tear-gas guns and a big gong for an alarm. Cashiers can release the tear gas by stepping on knobs on the floor. Receipts of taxes at the office at times amount to $500,000 in a day.

Mexican bandits have captured two Americans and are holding them in Mexico for a ransom of 6,000 pesos, according to advices received from the American consul at Torreon. C. C. Braden, a mining engineer, and a man named Gallagher are the men held.

New Auto Law In Force

Amendment to the Saskatchewan Act Is Appreciated In Adjoining Provinces

Recent amendment of the Saskatchewan act, relative to automobile licenses, has removed the cause of persistent complaints by Manitoba tourists, according to Hon. D. L. McLeod, municipal commissioner for Manitoba. Copies of the legislation received by the Manitoba minister indicate that the Saskatchewan Government has entered into the reciprocal agreement regarding tourists' licenses, under which the latter can operate on Saskatchewan roads for a period of three months without taking out a Saskatchewan license. Formerly, the legislation was restrictive, and tourists could only operate their cars in Saskatchewan for two periods of 15 days each, or for one period of 30 days.—Free Press.

Next Generation Taller

Gain in Height and Weight Predicted By Nutrition Experts

Sons will outpoint their fathers in height and weight, and daughters will top their mothers by a generous inch or two in the opinions of two nutrition experts who attended the national health congress at Atlantic City, N.Y.

"Longer and stronger bones are some of the results of correct nutrition that we are beginning to observe in children study, Miss Miriam Birdseye of the United States department of agriculture told the Associated Press.

"The gain of an inch in height and a corresponding gain in weight may be looked for in the next generation, because of our much better diet habits," said Dr. Samuel J. Crumbine.

Considering Trip To Greenland

Captain Bernier Says "Call of North Is Irresistible

A private expedition over a 6,000-mile route from Quebec to Greenland is being seriously considered by Captain J. E. Bernier, famous Canadian Arctic explorer.

The veteran explorer and navigator made his last official trip to the northern waters for the Canadian Government last summer, but he says the call of the north is again proving irresistible to him.

What Future Will Show

The Japanese empire has a population of over 83,000,000. The growth is threequarters of a million a year. Japanese papers refer to the fact that Siberia, Mongolia, Manchuria, and South America are open to Japanese emigrants, but the United States and Australia are closed to them. The opinion is expressed that the future will show which is the stronger—natural law or man-made legislation.—Kingston British Whig.

Walnut Is King Of Woods

Walnut appears to be the king in commercial hardwood lumber, measured in cost standards. This aristocrat is the only species of wood used generally for lumber that costs more than at any other time in its history.—Lumber Trade Journal.

W. N. U. 1631

Fur Traders Will Use Canadian Boat

Vessel Built At Vancouver Going To Far North

On June 15 the 75-foot power schooner Nigalik, built at Vancouver, will depart for the Arctic on a fur-trading expedition which will keep her in the Far North for from two to five years. The vessel, constructed for a newly-formed Canadian company controlled by C. P. Clarke and R. C. MacGregor, of Vancouver, and backed by New York capital, cost $40,000 to build, and it is expected she will be able successfully to withstand all the rigors of her long Arctic trip.

Clarke and MacGregor have had long experience as fur-traders in the north.

The Nigalik will proceed from Vancouver along the Alaskan coast line, trading with Eskimos, and then proceed to Boothia Peninsula, where it may be necessary to winter, but it is planned, if possible, to make the North-West Passage to Baffin Land, the same as Amundsen tried to make coming westward.

With good luck in trading and weather conditions the trip may be completed in two years, but provision has been made for a stay of five years if necessary.

New Society In London

Hospital Savings Association Provides For Treatment At Small Expense

Founded in London three years ago, the Hospital Savings Association is a co-operative society which enables its members, for the small payment of threepence a week, to take advantage of the full facilities for treatment of illness or accidents afforded by the best hospitals, either for themselves or for their families.

The weekly contributions go to a central fund, and when a member falls ill he presents to the hospital authorities a green voucher. Although the association has not yet extended its field beyond London, during the year ended November, 1925, 52,660 vouchers were issued.

Each voucher costs the association, on an average, 27s. 6d., representing a weekly pay-out of £1,400. The association has over 200,000 members.

Alberta Oil Wells

Great Activity Is Shown In Number Of Wells That Have Been Started

In a summary of Alberta's oil and gas industry published in the Financial Post, it is shown that 326 wells have been started in search for oil and gas in the province up to the end of 1925. Of this number, 137 wells obtained gas; 10 obtained oil in commercial quantities; 25 to 65 obtained shows of oil or gas or oil and gas; 120 were never completed. Activities last year show 33 wells were in operation; 3 were abandoned; 4 obtained oil in commercial quantities; 6 obtained gas in commercial quantities; 14 obtained shows of oil or gas or both; 6 wells are completed and 24 are still drilling.

Sees Its First Automobile

Donegal Village Flies Flags in Honor Of Occasion

This little old-world hamlet in the county of Donegal is celebrating the appearance of the first automobile in its midst. In honor of the occasion all the residents hoisted flags.

There are numerous villages in the British islands which are still living peacefully in the days of long ago, unmarked or marred by outward show of modern progress, but comparatively few can boast of avoiding the march of the automobile.

Homesteads In Demand

Heavy Inrush of Settlers Has Taken Place This Spring

A promising feature of the agricultural situation in Western Canada is the inrush of settlers that has taken place this spring. During the first two months of the year more than 625 homesteads were taken up, 63 in Manitoba, 317 in Saskatchewan, 226 in Alberta and 20 in British Columbia. At the same time soldier grants were applied for covering 111,000 acres. Alberta's colonization this spring exceeds all records for a decade.

Large Fish Fry Movement

The first shipment this season of fish fry was handled by the Canadian National Railways on May 15 from the Dominion hatcheries at Fort Frances to points on Rainy Lake and consisted of 1,000,000 young whitefish for Rocky Inlet and a similar number for Sims.

German Professors Discover New Star

Ten Million Years Old and Brighter Than Sun

A new star has been discovered, an unassuming star in the fourteenth magnitude, 4,000 times too faint to be seen with the naked eyes, flashed up in a small spiral nebula which appears as big as a dime at a distance of 20 yards.

In reality, it is a star of 10 million times brighter than the sun, flashing up in an island universe of almost 10,000,000 light years. This means we are looking into the past of our distant cousin universe, for the catastrophe which gave birth to this new star happened 10,000,000 years ago, long before the glacial period on earth.

New stars are not a very common occurrence in the sky. The last one appeared in May, 1925.

This last one was discovered at Heidelberg, Germany, by Professors Max Wolf and Reinmuth. The good news was immediately wired to Copenhagen and thence to the Harvard observatory, the clearing house for astronomical news in America. Telescopes all over the country were pointed at the nebula and soon the existence of the nova was confirmed on plates taken at Harvard.

The Orphan Colt

Advice As To Feeding Young Colts From Time of Birth

(Manitoba Agricultural College Note)

Occasionally the mare dies at foaling time or has no milk for her foal. This presents a rather serious problem, but one that can be dealt with successfully if patience, vigilance and common sense be the keynote of treatment. It is especially worth while now to raise every good draft foal. Statistics show that "unless the rate of replacement is increased above what it has been during the past two years, there will gradually develop in North America a decided decline in our horse population." Raise the big kind with quality and this can only be done by good breeding and judicious feeding from colt-hood to maturity. The horse makes one-half of his weight during the first year of his life.

"The best substitute for mare's milk is milk from a cow and preferably from one yielding a low percentage of fat, according to Professor H. B. Sommerfeld, Animal Husbandry Department, Manitoba Agricultural College. To one tablespoonful of sugar add warm water to dissolve; then 3 to 5 tablespoonfuls of lime water and enough fresh milk to make a pint. Feed about one-fourth pint every hour for the first few days, always warming to blood heat. A satisfactory method of feeding the foal is to use an ordinary nursing bottle with a large nipple. Whatever utensil is used, it should be thoroughly cleansed and scalded before each meal. As the foal grows, the amount of milk may be gradually increased, the period between feeding lengthened and whole milk substituted. After a few days, six feedings a day will suffice and later, only four. At three to four weeks of age, the use of sugar may be stopped, but it is well to continue the lime water. In five or six weeks, sweet skim milk may be gradually substituted for whole milk and after three months the colt may be given nearly all it will drink three times a day. The bowels should move freely, but if scours occur, give from 2 to 4 tablespoonfuls of mixture of sweet oil and pure castor oil shaken up in milk, stopping the feeding of milk for two or three meals, allowing instead, only sweetened warm water with lime water added. At the earliest possible age, the foal should be fed solid food, such as crushed or whole oats, bran and a little linseed oil meal and legume hay. For exercise, let the orphan have the run of a lot or grass paddock.

Sir Henry Thornton Optimistic

Expects C.N.R. Will Soon Be Placed On Paying Basis

In an address at the annual banquet of Canadian National employees at Toronto recently, Sir Henry Thornton, president of the system, said that before long, sooner than most people think, the National Railways will not only be self-sustaining, but will also return a profit to the public treasury. Sir Henry also commented on the growing regard in which the public was holding the service of the system and attributed the achievement of this goodwill to the loyalty of the employees.

Some men admit that they are self-made, while there are others who blame it on their wives.



Smartly Correct

This season the two-piece frock rules over a wider domain than ever, and on many days, the hours of its reign extend from morning to evening. Therefore, it must be practical, yet combine as well, a semi-formal charm for leisurely events. The model pictured here is a typical example of a sports costume that is smartly correct for either a morning of shopping, or an afternoon of bridge. The jumper shows a high, turn-down collar, joined to a vestee with button trimming, and oddly-shaped patch pockets that support a narrow tie belt. It has long set-in sleeves gathered to deep cuffs at the wrists. The skirt, attached to a body lining, is box-plaited at the front only. No 1261 is in sizes 16, 18 and 20 years. Size 18 years requires 1⅝ yards 36-inch plain material for skirt, with ⅞ yard lining for bodice top; blouse requires 2¼ yards 36-inch figured material, and ⅝ yard plain contrasting. Price 20 cents.

Our Fashion Book, illustrating the newest and most practical styles, will be of interest to every home dressmaker. Price of the book 10 cents the copy.

How To Order Patterns

Address—Winnipeg Newspaper Union, 175 McDermot Ave., Winnipeg

Pattern No.............Size.............

....

....

Name ....

Town ....

Plan Jack Miner League of Canada

To Honor World Famous Naturalist and Conservationist

A movement for the honoring of Jack Miner, world famous conservationist and student of animal life, has been started by Essex County for the organization in every community of the Dominion of the Jack Miner League of Canada.

The object of the league is to interest more people in the study of natural history, plant life, reforestation and conservation of the wild bird life on the continent.

A bird sanctuary Mr. Miner conducts at his home in Essex County is known as the home where all birds may find shelter.

Engine Driving Exciting

When driving a locomotive the engineer and the fireman have many more thrills than the public knows of. Motor cars, pedestrians, broken rails and stalled trains provide so much excitement for those in charge of the engine that investigation shows most men of the throttle go gray between the ages of thirty and forty.—New York Times.

Canada's Coal Supply

The time is rapidly approaching when domestic fuel cannot be obtained from across the border whether Canadians wish to import it or not. The country's interests demand that under these circumstances, independence of that source of supply should be assured by the encouragement of the industry within our borders.—Edmonton Journal.

Farm Help In Demand

About four thousand men have been placed on Alberta farms this spring and the demand has not been fully met, so Walter Smitten, commissioner of labor, reports.

SUNDAY SCHOOL LESSON

JUNE 6

JACOB AND ESAU

Golden Text: Be ye kind to one another, tenderhearted, forgiving each other, even as God also in Christ forgave you. Ephesians 4.32.

Lesson: Genesis 25.19-34; 26.34 to 28.9; 32.3 to 33.17.

Devotional Reading: Matthew 6.9-15.

Explanations and Comments

Jacob's Fear of Esau at Mahanaim, 32, 1-6.—On his return journey to the land of his fathers (see the Historical Background), Jacob reached the spot he named Mahanaim in Esau's territory. He deemed it politic to acquaint Esau of his arrival. The messengers sent ahead for this purpose, returned with the startling news that Esau himself was on his way to meet Jacob accompanied by four hundred men. Jacob was panic-stricken, and good reason had he to be so; naturally he thought that Esau was coming to avenge the wrong he had received at his brother's hands. Jacob was face to face with the consequences of his past.

"You never are done with a sin until it is out in the light and forgiven. Psycho-analysis may have what perversions it will, it makes some things certain: that a man can sin, that he can have a few qualms of conscience, that he can harden himself and forget, that he can thrust his sin down into the hold of his subconsciousness and shut the hatches on it and sail on; but if he thinks he is through with his sin just because he has crushed it down into his subconsciousness he is mistaken. He is not through with it. That sin is at work still, terribly at work tearing away at the bases of his personality. We Christian preachers for centuries have been saying that no man ever gets through with a sin until it is forgiven, but there is terrific reality given to that fact now by science. You never are done with a sin until it is out in the light and forgiven" (Dr. Harry Emerson Fosdick).

Conditions Best Since Before War

Splendid Spirit of Optimism Prevailing In the West

Conditions generally in all parts of Western Canada are the best they have been since before the war, according to S. J. Hungerford, vice-president of the Canadian National Railways, who has just returned from an extensive tour of inspection of the system lines in the west. He states that there is a splendid spirit of optimism prevailing, which is fully justified by the prospects for a good crop and increased business, also a disposition to embark on new business ventures. Speaking of British Columbia, Mr. Hungerford reports a heavy volume of lumber going to both Canadian and United States ports on the Atlantic seaboard as well as to European ports via the Panama Canal. Also, the indications are that the Pacific coast province will have the largest fruit crop of its history this year.

United States Sitting Tight

Debtor Nations Are Having Hard Time to Make Payments

Perhaps some day Uncle Sam may feel benevolent enough to follow the policy of Great Britain succeeding the Napoleonic wars, by which enormous continental debts were cancelled, but in the meantime he is sitting tight and the debtor nations are trying to devise ways of making payments. They cannot pay in goods because of the United States tariff wall. To raise gold they must undersell Uncle Sam in other markets, which is difficult. And if they sell there they must also buy in other markets, thus shutting out United States importations, which would not contribute to leniency on Uncle Sam's part.—Toronto Globe.

Houses For the Eskimos

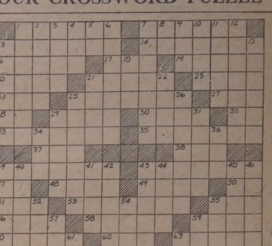
Shipped From Seattle to Port Barrow Cost $1,340 Each

The schooner C. S. Holmes, on a recent sailing from Seattle for Point Barrow, on the Arctic Ocean, where the American flag floats furthest north, carried knocked down houses sent by the United States department of the interior to Eskimos. The Eskimos pay $1,340 each for the houses, which have four or five rooms each. The price includes everything to the last bit of hardware. Most of the houses are destined for St. Lawrenceland, 150 miles south of Bering Straits.

Fruit Growing In B.C.

Representatives of nurseries working in the various fruit districts of Southern British Columbia, report splendid business for young stock during the spring months. The Coldstream Ranch, in the Vernon district, recently planted seventy acres in new trees. Such indications augur well for the future of the fruit growing industry of this province.

OUR CROSSWORD PUZZLE



Horizontal

1—Courteous.
7—Gentle; peaceful.
13—One who advises or cautions.
14—Those who join together.
16—Wrong or improper.
17—The night before.
19—Warehouse or storehouse.
20—Curve or bend of any kind.
21—Relax the features.
23—Tableland; plateau.
24—Tavern.
25—Dried grapes.
27—Equip.
28—Canary Islands (abbr.).
29—Enraptured.
30—French coins, about a cent.
32—Vice-envoy (abbr.).
33—Surpass; obscure.
35—Sharp, darting, local pains.
37—Keel-billed cuckoo.
38—Digit of the foot.
39—Unexpected stroke of good fortune.
43—Skimmed; scudded.
47—Part of "to be."
48—A great lake.
49—Narrow path.
50—Note of the scale.
51—Fondle.
53—Roofing with slate.
55—Stroke lightly.
56—Dash or ardor.
58—Ox-like African antelope.
59—Vile; wicked.
60—Re-illuminated.
62—Unit of work.
63—Speed auto.
64—Harder, more inflexible.
66—Those who elude.
68—Ridicules.
69—Scolders.

Vertical

1—Pertaining to fruits.
2—Underground edible bulb.
3—Speak imperfectly.
4—Possessive pronoun.
5—Toward.
6—A hermit.
7—Swordsman.
8—Above and touching.
9—Spanish hero.
10—Newspaper paragraph.
11—One affected with a dread disease.
12—Caustic.
13—Ill-will.
15—Platforms, as in theatres.
18—Power.
21—Undermines.
22—Enough (poet.).
25—Light, long, narrow swords.
26—Agreeing with; fitting.
29—Cleanse by flooding.
31—Breathe noisily in sleep.
34—Young boy.
36—Obtain.
39—Those who gape.
40—Dishes of eggs and milk beaten and fried.
41—Egyptian river.
42—Traders; merchants.
43—One who flings.
44—Disembark.
45—Rubbers.
46—Holds back.
52—Claw of a bird of prey.
54—Product of pine.
55—Type of racehorse.
57—Number.
59—Ordered.
61—Fasten.
63—Deep groove.
65—Suffix forming comparative.
67—Note of the diatonic scale.

Can Record Message Sent To the Brain

Discovery Made By Professor Adrian of Cambridge University

By experimenting with the apparatus used in the reception of wireless, Dr. E. D. Adrian, F.R.S., of Cambridge University, England, has evolved an instrument which makes it possible to record the messages that travel along the nerve centres to the brain.

The instrument has three tubes, an amplifier which magnifies the nerve messages 2,000 times, and a photographic plate. The tubes receive the messages as they would receive wireless waves. The nerve messages are recorded on the photographic plate in the form of dots and dashes.

Explaining his discovery, Dr. Adrian says:

"If we touch the skin or prick it with a pin each nerve fibre which is stimulated sends a message to the brain in the form of a series of small electric oscillations called nerve impulses.

"The impulses in each fibre are so small that until the advent of wireless it was impossible to detect them, although we knew what they were like from other lines of work. The tube amplifier has made it possible to magnify several thousand times, and the impulses can be recorded by a special instrument called a capillary electro-meter, which traces the electric changes on a photographic plate."

Edison Speaks Over Radio

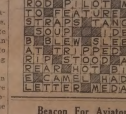
Inventor Made Debut at Station in Atlantic City

Thomas A. Edison made his radio debut recently at Atlantic City. "I have never spoken over radio before—good night!" were the words spoken into the microphone of station WEAF by the inventor, who thereby broke his previously announced intention of never speaking over the air. Mr. Edison was a guest at a dinner of the National Electric Light Association.

Song Cures Dumb

Singing as a cure for faulty speech has been tried with remarkable results by the Vocal Therapy Society of London, of which the Duke of York is president. One ex-service man took part in the singing classes, regained the power to articulate and now is a commercial traveller.

Answer to Last Week's Puzzle



Beacon For Aviators

One Installed In Philadelphia Is Visible For Thirty Miles

An aviator's beacon, the first one of the flashing type, has recently been installed on the top of the twenty-two-storey building of the Atlantic Refining Company of Philadelphia. The beacon will aid aviators between New Work and Washington, a route that has proved hazardous due to the early darkness along the coast in fall and winter. The beacon will be equipped with a flashing apparatus similar to that used in lighthouses and will be visible for twenty to thirty miles.

Stops Trade Momentum

General Strike Makes It Difficult to Regain Old Standing

There are cases where neither employer or employee is directly to blame for failure to resume work at the old speed. The engineering works in Yorkshire attempted to get going but found it impossible to use more than 40 per cent. of the men. That is a good example of what a general strike leads to. It stops the momentum of trade and it is a difficult matter to regain the old swing of the pendulum.—New York Sun.

New Class For Chicago Show

This year's International Show at Chicago, Nov. 27 to Dec. 4, will have a new class for swine carcasses of bacon type, the first of its kind for the big show. The management has also restored the class for Rambouillet wethers.

Airship experts predict that within ten years we may have 400-ton airships, each of which will carry 4,000 men, with equipment equal to ten carloads of freight.

TIPPITY-WITCH IRENE — A NEW NAME FOR A BABY — By COLLEEN MOORE



Strange, Romantic Love Adventures of the Flapper you know!

Joanna

by H. L. GATES

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(Continued)

CHAPTER VI.

Re-enter Brandon

As a rule Joanna ran up the stairs that led from the first floor of the rooming house, once a pretentious residence, to the second floor, where she occupied a one windowed room made by a flimsy partition across what had been the dining room of more glorious days. But Mrs. Adams, who sat quite still in her chair in the drawing room only, was conscious that Joanna walked up slowly this time. She heard her open her door and close it softly, carefully. Usually Joanna slammed her door witth a bang and a song.

Mrs. Adams examined her $500 note, turned it over and looked curiously at the yellow back, held it closely that she might read the various engraved assurances that it was a solemn symbol of $500 real money. And she looked at the geraniums in the pottery bowl as intently as if she were counting the petals. But she seemed to be detached. There always had been a soft spot in Mrs. Adams' heart for Jo. Somehow this soft spot was hurting just now. Her eyes lit upon the bundle Joanna had kicked into a corner. That was like Jo. She'd leave bundles all over the house if they contained anything that had been supplanted by something new. The landlady regarded this bundle with something troublesome gathering in her eyes. She got up laboriously. Beside the flowers she put down the $500 note. Then she went over to the corner and picked up the package.

For a time she held the cumbersome parcel in her arms, staring down at it. Painstakingly she untied the cord and unwrapped it. She folded the wrapping paper neatly and put it down. Then she held up the coat and let it open

This had been Joanna. The very breath of her, the zest and the pretense of her. It was imitation fur, but good enough to serve its purpose. Its lines had the swagger, even if its lining was only mercerized cotton. Mrs. Adams had marvelled often at the uncomplaining patience with which a girl like Jo could put her hunger into a thing like this—the hungers that ten and fifteen cent lunches, and scantier breakfasts, piled. She shook her head dubiously. The trouble that had been in her eyes deepened to an inward sadness. She took the coat into her own room, laid it across the foot of her bed tenderly and then brought the $500 note, which she folded and slipped into the handkerchief pocket in the coat lining. Then she sat down to think, forgetting all about the flowers on the table in the "drawing room only."

Upstairs Joanna was trying also to think. She down on the bed and put her chin in her hand, her elbow propped on a crossed knee. But the room imprisoned her too tightly. The walls, dotted here and there with photographs of boys, a movie star or two and a framed lithograph of Niagara Falls, pressed in on her and suffocated her. She needed more space. With all that money in her bag, and with more, all the money in the world, more than she ever possibly could get rid of, she must get out again, out onto the street where the crowds were, into the stores, and buy, buy, buy!

She'd never been able to buy, Joanna hadn't. Always she'd had to shop and haggle. The fellow who ran the store in the office district, where she bought filmy, sheer things of tinted crepe de chines, he'd collapse when she should walk in, call for his fanciest sets with real hand worked lace on them, the ones he hung in his showcases for the same reason Cohen hung the mink in his window—when she should walk in, call for these expensive sets and pay the price without haggling him down a dollar or two. She'd go around there now! Tomorrow after she'd talked with John tonight she could take an hour or two and think. Think what to do and how."

She slipped out without seeing Mrs. Adams. At the corner she hailed a taxi and went first to the shop where the dainty things in crepe were. The shopkeeper didn't collapse. He was calm. As if such a lavish purchasing were not at all unusual to one who dealt in such dainties. Joanna lost interest in his wares and in him. Suddenly this little shop with the gaudy, but enticing window display, and the racks filled with billowy, soft things in every conceivable tint and shade, became unpretty, uninviting. She completed her purchases, though, and went out to her waiting cab.

She remembered her first picnic. Strange how her thoughts were slipping backward during these hours! That picnic! Because she had been particularly good for a week her mother had permitted her to go with the other girls, older girls, without a guardian to restrain her. And she was in such a stew when the baskets were spread out and the girls and boys broke up into parties and hunted out the swings and wading places around the little lake. There was so much for her to do, so much sheer joy to garner in, that she ran about in circles unable to make up her mind where to begin. She was like that day, but it was funny that she should remember. And queer, too, that today she had something of that same old, silly feeling that had come to her during the picnic afternoon.

She had stopped for a minute that afternoon between racing from one excitement to another to catch her breath and to say to herself with childish eagerness that she was glad she's been—good. Today when she came out of the lingerie shop she was glad in a way that she had been—well, perhaps there were no medals hanging on her soul, but she was safe in wishing her mother and father were where she could go to them today. They'd give lots of room to give her an argument, of course—about skirts up to the knees and stockings so thin that her legs showed through and about some other things, but she could look them straight in the eyes just the same. It would be so splendid if they, or one of them, could be here now!

This climax to her reflections and her memories of the picnic occasion revived the glow in the slim, eager body. There wasn't anybody to share with her, except John, so she decided to just let it go at that. He'd help her, too, to reason out something about the thing that happened to her. She by herself simply couldn't.

By late afternoon, what with some hectic scrambling into and out of her taxicab, she was ready for her descent upon the silk counter. She tried to forego that logical detail of the day, but couldn't. Courageously she had slighted the shops and stores where girls of the counters and offices got their copies of avenue modes. She boldly went onto the avenue itself, even into the upper section, where to be admitted as a patron is an award of honor which, earned, brings a marvelous deference and where she was called "Mademoiselle." The result fell upon the silk counter as a sudden breath of some exquisite narcotic that sweeps the senses into appalling ecstacy.

Joanna had timed her visit cleverly; she appeared during the lull between the leisurely shoppers who finish early and the last minute crush of the hurrying, belated ones. Trailing behind a spacious grande dame who was threading her way through the aisles, she suddenly stood at her old counter, only on the other side of it, her gray gloved fingers tapping sharply on the polished wood, in obvious imitation of the department buyers. With her roguery dancing out of her eyes at every face behind the counter—the faces of her workday friends—she purred sweetly:

"Good morning, young ladies!" At that moment Joanna's voice was the silver tinkle of ineffable inner harmonies.

Store patrons sitting at the counter turned curiously to scan the newcomer. In the attitudes of the girls who served them they sensed a drama.

It was Georgie, Joanna's best chum and also one of Mrs. Adams' flappers, who was first to find her tongue.

"Good Lord!" she breathed. "Look what the stork's dropped!"

Then there was a rush. Joanna without ceremony, oblivious to customers with bellows of vari-colored silk in their hands, stepped back into the aisle and swung around for inspection.

(To be continued)

CARRIED WIFE TO BED

Suffered So She Could Not Walk. Restored to Health by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound

Minesing, Ontario.—"I am a practical nurse and I recommend Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound to suffering women. For three months I was almost helpless and could not sit at the table long enough to drink a cup of tea. Many a time my husband carried me to bed, I would be so weak. Then he read in the paper of a woman suffering as I did who got better after taking the Vegetable Compound, so he went and got it for me. When I had taken three bottles I was just like a new woman and have had splendid health ever since. When I feel any bearing-down pains I always take it; sometimes a half bottle or whatever I need. It is my only medicine and I have told many a one about it. Any one wanting to know more about Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, I will gladly write to her. I do all I can to recommend it for I feel I owe my life and strength to it." — Mrs. NEAL BOWSER, R.R. 1, Minesing, Ontario.

Do you feel broken-down, nervous, and weak sometimes? Do you have this horrid feeling of fear which sometimes comes to women when they are not well? Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound is excellent to take at such a time. It always helps, and if taken regularly and persistently will relieve this condition. C

For infants

The most reliable infant food when nature's supply fails. Since 1857.

Borden's EAGLE BRAND Condensed Milk

19-26

Made Knight Of Legion Of Honor

Former Cook in Canada Decorated by France For War Service

Jean Bourgot of Brittany, who gave a leg, an eye and several fingers for his country in the war, has been made a Knight of the Legion of Honor by the French Government. When the war came Bourgot was a cook in Canada and had a wife and three children. But he took the first boat home and enlisted in the infantry, having an old score to settle with the Prussians since his father lost a leg in the 1870 war. He was wounded twice one morning, but stuck to his post until the day's fighting was over. He was thrice awarded the Croix de Guerre for his bravery in this action.

May Decide How Far Salmon Swim

Vancouver Man Caught One Claimed To Have Ottawa Mark

How far does a salmon swim during its lifetime? Fishing in the Gulf of Georgia, Sergt. John McLean, of the Vancouver police force, caught a 10-pound salmon. On its tail was found what is claimed to be the mark placed on young fish liberated in the Atlantic Ocean by the federal fisheries department, Ottawa, to discover the migratory travels of the salmon. The tail of the fish has been handed to James Cunningham of the provincial game department here who will forward it to the department of fisheries at Ottawa for investigation. The mark is said to be a ring and two bars.

Strange Experience Of London Zoo Attendant

Beetles Ejected Caustic Fluid Which Had Effect Of Gas

Gassed by beetles an attendant at London Zoo narrowly escaped asphyxiation. Whilst handling the beetles, which measure a little over an inch long, he experienced a burning sensation in the throat, as though he had inhaled prussic acid, and noticed a stain on his hands similar to that from nicotine. He found that the insects were ejecting a caustic fluid to a distance of over a foot. Also it took the attendant four hours to remove the stain.

Fox Terrier's Remarkable Feat

Small Dog Swam Mile and Half Against Strong Tide

Swimming the Mersey from Wallasey to Liverpool, a distance of a mile and a half, was the recent feat of a small fox terrier. Boz, the terrier, accompanied his mistress on a shopping expedition to Liverpool, but disappeared while in the city. His mistress returned without him, and Boz followed in the water, battling against a strong tide that would have been too much for powerful men swimmers.

Peace River Homesteads

Homestead entries at the Peace River land office for the year ending March 31, 1926, show an increase of 50 per cent. over those of last year. Land sales for the year also show an increase, while the revenue derived from land patents, timber and grazing permits is far in advance of any previous year. During the nine years the Peace River office has been open, only one year—1917-1918—exceeds the past year in homestead entries.

Hop Culture In B.C.

Thirty thousand acres of lake lands made available under the Sumas reclamation scheme, are now being transformed into a hive of activity as American hop firms are laying out hundreds of acres in hops. This development follows a thorough investigation of soil and conditions which have been found adaptable for hop culture. Work is under-way, planting and staking the ground and poles are being erected for the plants.

Lots of Other Views

A visitor to a country village went into the post office and, with the object of getting into conversation asked the postmaster what his views were on vegetarianism.

"Haven't any views of that kind," replied the official innocently, "but I've got some fine postcards of the new town hall, the church and the library."

Jasper Lodge Opens

Official opening for the season of Jasper Park Lodge took place on May 22, when their excellencies, Baron and Lady Byng, were present as the first guests.

In 1925 it is estimated that Great Britain purchased 60,000,000 feet of sawn lumber from British Columbia.

Aviator's Boundless Horizon

Remarkable Development in Aeronautics To Be Demonstrated

Men now sail in flight from Cairo across the equator to Cape Town, and back, and take off from London to rise above the Himalayas to land in India. They have ventured to circle the earth and have hovered over its North Pole. Whirring engines have borne them on invented wings above this hemisphere and that, till they have become more intrepid in flight than ever was boldest albatross.

But how much higher or how much lower, how much faster and, especially, how much slower, may they yet fly? Each year's advance in the theory and particularly in the practice of the science of aeronautics brings its more surprising surmise.

Of this domination of men in their machines over the air, public demonstrations will be given at the pageant to be held by the Imperial Royal Air Force at Hendon, outside London, next month. It is claimed that a new type of heavier-than-air machine that will then be flown will not get out of hand, or "stall" and come crashing to the ground should the pilot commit some error of judgment. Its resemblance to one of the extinct tailless flying lizards has gained it the name of "Pterodactyl." Under the pilotage of its inventor, Capt. G. T. R. Hill, it has been allowed to fly itself, which it did with perfect steadiness. The system of control of this tailless craft is said to be better than that of any machine yet invented, its flight being governed by movable surfaces at the tips of its single swept-back wing.

At the same Hendon spectacle the airship R33 will defend herself in flight by releasing from beneath her two Grebe fighters, which, first diving low, will soar high to give fight to the attacking planes.—Free Press.

The Boulevards Of Paris

Peculiar to French Capital But Comparatively New Institution

Paris is undergoing a surgical operation. The Boulevard Haussmann, begun under Napoleon III., is at last being finished and the great avenue of Haussmann's vision will soon be a reality. The boulevard in general is a Paris institution. No other European city could ever imitate its pulsating and colorful life. Yet it is not an old institution. Its origin may be placed in 1848, when everybody began to meet everybody on fashionable thoroughfares. Yet the boulevard was far from the presentable state of later years. Louis Philippe started to lay pavements. Before that time the streets were a sorry mess, as may be gleaned from an account of the time. "A pretty woman wants to cross the street, but seeing the awful mud, hesitates. A sturdy gentleman, noting her predicament, seizes her without a word and carries her in his burly arms safely to the opposite sidewalk. There, instead of thanks, reproaches are heaped upon his head. For a moment he stands staggered. Then, still without a word, he once more seizes the lady and carries her back to where he found her."—New York Evening World.

The Antiquity Of Tea

Was Known to the Chinese as Far Back as 2737 B.C.

While undoubtedly water is the oldest of known drinks, and there is also antiquity in the consumption of wine, it is not generally known that tea is also an ancient beverage. Some suggest that it was known to the Chinese as far back as 2737 B.C. It is mentioned in She King by Confucius, written about 500 B.C., but the history of its origin recalls that it was not until the sixth century of the Christian era that it came into anything like common use in China. One of the oldest paeans in its praise was written by Lo-yu, a Chinese author of the Dynasty of Tang. Here is one sentence: "Tea tempers the spirits, harmonizes the mind, dispels lassitude and relieves fatigue; awakens thought and prevents drowsiness, lightens and refreshes the body and clears the perceptive faculties." A new book has been published entitled "Tea; An Historical Sketch," by Robert O. Menell. In this Mr. Menell gives the credit for its introduction to Europe to the Dutch East India Company, which imported a few pounds into Holland in 1610 and into England in 1645.—Victoria Colonist.

Too Cheap For Real Thing

"Step right up, ladies and gentlemen," shouted the showman at the fair, "and see the woman get sawed in two before your very eyes. Only a quarter."

"I'll risk that much," said a bystander, "though, of course, it must be a trick, otherwise they'd charge more."

The pessimist refused to enjoy his dinner today because there is no prospect of one tomorrow.

BURNS. Mix Minard's with sweet oil. Spread on brown paper and apply to parts injured. Soothes and heals rapidly.

MINARD'S "KING OF PAIN" LINIMENT

Carry it always with you!



WRIGLEY'S

Keeps teeth clean, breath sweet, appetite keen and digestion good.

Great after smoking

WRIGLEY'S Spearmint Doublemint Juicy Fruit and Nips

CG14

After Every Meal

Searching For Trace Of First Immigrant

Anthropologist Believes Clue Can Be Found In Yukon

A search for the first American immigrant—the oldest inhabitant and the ancestor of the Indians found by Columbus—has been started by the Smithsonian Institution.

Dr. Ales Hrdlicka, National Museum anthropologist, has started for Alaska, scene of the finish of the flight across the North Pole, to search along the rivers, coasts and the tundra for a few bits of pottery and bone, to prove scientifically the belief that the first American came from Asia.

Hrdlicka set out for the Yukon, where legends still are told among the Eskimos of battles between Asians and the Eskimos, terrible struggles for the right of way past the fishing grounds that furnished livelihood to primitive men.

Hrdlicka thinks the ancestors of the first American crossed the Bering Straits, fifty miles wide at its narrowest point, and worked their way down the coastal plains into the temperate zone, where the warm climate caused various immigrants to develop the many tribes of "Amerindians."

Bits of pottery have been found in Alaska. The Eskimos who now make up the total native population do not make pottery. Through discovery and study of other specimens of pottery, bones and primitive implements, Hrdlicka thinks he can find a clue to the first visitors who probably came just after the glaciers receded.

Little Helps For This Week

And the work of righteousness shall be peace; and the effect of righteousness, quietness and assurance forever. —Isa. xxxii.

Follow with reverent steps the great example
Of Him whose holy work was "doing good";
So shall the wide earth seem our Father's temple,
Each loving life a psalm of gratitude.
—John Greenleaf Whittier.

To remedy evil, to strive for good, not to neglect the little daily duties and beneficences of life, the gracious acts, the tender courtesies, the tolerant appreciations—in one word, to love God and our neighbor, and to believe on the name of Jesus Christ, and to love one another as He gave us commandment—this is to live as Christ lived on earth.—Frederic William Farrar.

Biggest Single Printing Job

Getting Out New York Telephone Directory Is Real Work

The printing of the New York telephone directory is the biggest single publishing job in the world. It now takes between five and six weeks to simply distribute the books to the 960,000 regular subscribers. As soon as one issue is finished, work is started on the succeeding edition. Distribution requires a force of more than 500 men and a fleet of automobiles, wagons and even pushcarts. Despite the fact that the paper used is, from time to time, improved to save weight and bulk the last issue consisted of two volumes, weighing nearly five pounds. It has 1,920 pages with 830,000 listings. In many instances subscribers get several copies so that the total edition consists of 3,000,000 directories, requiring 500 carloads of paper.

There She Was

Neither Sam nor Rastus could tell time. But Sam had a nice, big watch, which he exhibited with a fine air of superiority.

"What time am it?" asked Rastus.

Sam hesitated and then extended the timepiece. "Dar she am."

Rastus looked at it carefully and then said: "Damn if she ain't."

Something That Spreads

The inspector was giving a lecture on infectious diseases. Suddenly he pounced on a sleepy-looking boy in the back of the class.

"Now, Smith," he said, "name something that spreads."

"Jam, sir," was the sleepy rely.

"Why didn't you send your man to mend my electric bell?"

"I did, madam; but as he rang three times and got no answer my man decided there was nobody home."

Ancient Indian Relic

Stone Axe of Early Days Found on Ranch in Saskatchewan

While H. E. Dimmock was riding over his ranch near Tompkins, Sask., he picked up a stone axe, evidently an old Indian instrument of warfare or a very useful cutting tool of the early days. It is about nine inches long, double bitted, with one edge about three inches across, and the other finished off to a conical shape. Around the centre of the axe are two rings, or ridges, raised about one-quarter of an inch. It is supposed, according to an old-timer's viewpoint, that this axe, and others similar, were inserted into a split in a small sapling, the sapling being secured with bark and pitch between the two rings, which allowed the wood to grow around the axe, which made it very secure. After the sapling had grown to the proper size, it was cut off about two inches below where the axe was embedded, and again cut off on the other side of the axe, about 20 inches from the axe head, making a strong, non-breakable handle, while the axe head could not possibly loosen, as it was securely grown about by the wood. This relic was found on the northern slope of the Cypress Hills, about nine miles south of town, and is quite an interesting specimen of Indian stone craft.

U. S. President's Creed

Public Men Could Do Worse Than Take Advice of Coolidge

President Coolidge is not a notable speechmaker. But on the occasion of his first inaugural as governor of Massachusetts he gave this as his creed:

Expect to be called a standpatter, but don't be a standpatter. Expect to be called a demagogue but odn't be a demagogue. Don't hesitate to be as revolutionary as science. Don't hesitate to be as reactionary as the multiplication table. Don't expect to build up the weak by pulling down the strong. Don't hurry to legislate. Give administration a chance to catch up with legislation.

Which is not a bad one for a public man.—Ottawa Citizen.

INDIGESTION BANISHED

Through the Timely Use of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills

The urgent need of all who suffer from indigestion is a tonic to build up the blood. Pain and distress after eating is the way the stomach shows it is too weak to perform the work nature intended it to do. New strength is given weak stomachs by Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, because these pills enrich and purify the blood. This is the natural process of giving strength and tone to the stomach and accounts for the speedy relief in stomach disorders that follow the use of these pills. Proof of this is given by Mr. Wm. H. Kelly, 216 Earl St., Kingston, Ont., who says:—"I cannot recommend Dr. Williams' Pink Pills too highly. I had been bothered with indigestion in a chronic form for almost ten years. Everything I would eat would turn sour. I felt as though there was a big ball in my stomach all the time. I felt tired and weak and would often turn dizzy. I doctored and tried many medicines, spending many, many dollars, but to no avail. One day I heard a lady praising Dr. Williams' Pink Pills and I decided to try them. I am more than glad I did, for soon I found relief, and after taking the pills for a couple of months the trouble disappeared, and now I can eat all kinds of food, and have again my old-time health and strength."

If you will send your name and address to The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont., a little book, "What to Eat and How to Eat," will be mailed to you prepaid. This book contains many useful health hints.

You can get these pills through any medicine dealer or by mail at 50 cents a box from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

Bell 800 Years Old

One of the few places in England where the custom of ringing the curfew has been kept up is at Blandford, where the church bell has rung twice daily, at 1 to 6 p.m., for more than 800 years.

Minard's Liniment for backache

Figures for overseas trade issued at Wellington, New Zealand, show total of £107,000,000 in 1925.

Corns disappear when treated with Holloway's Corn Remover without leaving a scar.

Rouging the lips is no longer bad taste. It is now possible to buy any flavor lipstick desired.

"Let the Clark Kitchens help you."



CLARK'S TOMATO KETCHUP makes fish or meat more savory—

Made from fully ripe Clark "Northern" tomatoes and pure tested spices from our wonderful recipe.

W. CLARK Limited, Montreal

27-26

Packers also of the celebrated CLARK'S PORK & BEANS

Banish The Blues

By Observing Nature's Basic Rule

Those who suffer from despondency, listlessness and headaches can usually trace the cause of these conditions to constipation.

They are frequently brought about by overwork, nervous strain, lack of outdoor exercise or sleep, or improper food, but more frequently by the non-observance of nature's basic rule—regular thorough bowel elimination.

Poisons from waste matter left behind are picked up by the blood and absorbed by the system, weakening the nerves and lowering the vitality.

Nujol, the scientific internal lubricant, corrects constipation in nature's own way by augmenting the supply of nature's lubricant.

Nujol by softening the waste matter thus permits thorough and regular elimination without overtaxing the intestinal muscles. It is gentle, safe and natural in its action, and can be taken for any length of time without any ill effect.

Ask your druggist for *Nujol* today and remember—look for the name "*Nujol*" in red on both bottle, label and package.

Prince Has Simple Tastes

Heir to British Throne Is No Lover of Magnificence

Many a wealthy young peer looks with a shade of disdain upon the simple apartments which the Prince of Wales occupies at St. James' Palace. The truth is, says the London Mail, the Prince is no lover of magnificence. Had he wished, he could, of course, have set up a great country estate, something in the style of Burleigh-on-the-Hill, near Oakham. But he prefers to be unencumbered.

It will Relieve a Cold.—Colds are the commonest ailments of mankind and if neglected may lead to serious conditions. Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil will relieve the bronchial passages of inflammation speedily and thoroughly and will strengthen them against subsequent attack. And as it eases the inflammation it will usually stop the cough because it allays the irritation in the throat. Try it and prove it.

Improved On Friend's Idea

Scotchman's Plan Made Scheme Even More Profitable

Billy Wayne, the comedian of "Kitty's Kisses," tells this one of a Scotchman who ordered a drink in a bar of an English railroad station, talked to the barmaid and then said he must hurry to catch his train. She said he hadn't paid, but he argued her out of it, claiming he'd paid when she handed him the drink. So she let him go.

The Scotchman told this to a friend of his from Glasgow, who went in, ordered a drink, talked to the girl for a while and then, suddenly pulling out his watch, said:

"Weel, lassie, I'll hae to be running for ma train. Gie me ma change!"—New York Evening World.

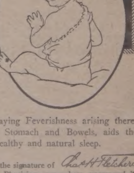
Minard's Liniment for burns

Veteran For Civil Service Commission

Premier King has written to General Griesbach, Dominion president, Army and Navy Veterans in Canada, promising to submit to cabinet recommendations made by General Griesbach that a former member of the forces should be appointed to one of the existing vacancies in the personnel of the civil service commission.

CHILDREN CRY FOR

Fletcher's CASTORIA



MOTHER:— Fletcher's Castoria is especially prepared to relieve Infants in arms and Children all ages of Constipation, Flatulency, Wind Colic and Diarrhea; allaying Feverishness arising therefrom, and, by regulating the Stomach and Bowels, aids the assimilation of Food; giving healthy and natural sleep.

To avoid imitations, always look for the signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. Absolutely Harmless - No Opiates. Physicians everywhere recommend it.

Rod Weeders

Call and see this new implement—it is now a proven eradicator.

Disc Plows

Both John Deere and Cockshutt new design, they do the work where the mouldboard plow wont clean; will plow deep, save costs on Shares, and kill grass.

Binder Twine

Agents for the famous "STAR" BRAND.
Made by one of the oldest manufacturers.

W. P. LANDON Delia and Craigmyle

See me for Used Cars!

Some excellent used car values

A Shipment of CHEVROLET CARS expected soon.

1 Power Windmill (complete), with 40-ft. tower and post grinder. Priced to sell.

Agent for Dodge and Chevrolet Cars, Massey-Harris Machinery, Home Insurance Co., Fire and Hail.

CENTRAL GARAGE, DELIA

Delia Bakery

Fresh Bread Daily

FRESH CAKES
PIES, and
PASTRIES

Pure Ice Cream

ICE CREAM SODAS
SOFT DRINKS
Phone 55

The Star Car

For comfort, durability, and low cost transportation, with its smooth running Red Seal Continental Motor.

STAR Fours & Sixes, Hupmobiles Sixes and Eight

L. SMART, Local Agent

Planting Time

We have Gooseberries, Raspberries, Strawberries, Red, Black and White Currants, Rhubarb, Ornamental Trees, Apple, Lilac and beautiful cultivated Evergreens.

THE HARTMAN NURSERY
DELIA.

NOTICE

TAKE NOTICE that the REX CAFE, originally operated by Lee Loung and Loung Jim, was sold on March 1, 1926, and after this date Lee Loung will not be responsible for any debts contracted by the Rex Cafe. 18-21a

Dr. A. E. Kydd
DELIA. PHONE 18

Dr. F. J. Netherton
RESIDENT
DENTIST
G.W.V.A. Club DELIA

W. N. GRABURN, LL.B.
BARRISTER, SOLICITOR
NOTARY PUBLIC
DELIA, - ALBERTA

D. L. Sloan
BARRISTER SOLICITOR
CRAIGMYLE, Alta.
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MONEY TO LOAN
DELIA, Alberta

Leslie Stephens
REAL ESTATE. LOANS.
INSURANCE, FIRE, HAIL, LIFE.
Registrar Births, Marriages, Deaths.
Marriage Licenses.
Official Auditor.
Auto Car Licenses for Sale.
Commissioner for Oaths.
Game Licenses Issued.
Public Stenographer.
TOWN HALL, - DELIA, Alta.

Auction Sales

THE RIGHT Auctioneer is often responsible for turning what might have been a very ordinary Sale into a real success.

Both buyer and seller can be satisfied by an experienced and capable Auctioneer.

Write for Dates to

W. E. Fitzsimmons
AUCTIONEER
HANNA, - Alta.

JUDICIAL SALE OF Farm Property

PURSUANT to the Order for Sale made in the Northern Life Assurance Company of Canada vs. Carl Alexander Omang et al, the following Lands will be sold by Public Auction at 12 noon on SATURDAY, JUNE 12th, 1926, at the Town Hall, Delia:—The N.W ¼ 32-32-17 w4th. This land consists of 160 Acres of chocolate loam with clay sub soil. There are 110 acres of good tillable land and 50 acres suitable for pasture. The land is fenced with two and three strand barbed wire in good condition. The distance to Delia is 12 miles and to a school 2 miles. This property will be subject to a reserve bid fixed by the Court and subject to taxes from 1st January, 1926, and the reservations and conditions contained in the original grant from the Crown or appearing in the existing certificate of title. The purchaser will pay 10 per cent. of the purchase price on the day of sale and the balance in 60 days or 10 per cent. on day of sale and the execution of a mortgage for $1,000 and the balance of purchase price in 60 days. The mortgage shall be for three years, payable as follows: $300 one year from sale, $300 two years from sale, and $400 three years from sale with interest at 8 per cent.

Full particulars may be obtained from W. A. LOW, Barrister, Delia, Solicitor for the Plaintiff.

Dated at Hanna, 19th May, 1926.

(Signed) H. J. ADAMES,
21 23a Clerk of the Court.

Tenders for Road Construction

TENDERS will be received up to June 5th, 1926, for approximately 3,000 cubic Yards of Road Construction and 3 miles of Grading.

Lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted. For plans and specifications apply to

H. G. DUNFIELD,
District No. 2 Lambton M.D. 306,
Delia, Alta.

VILLAGE OF CRAIGMYLE

NOTICE is Hereby Given that if all Arrears of Taxes imposed in 1925 in respect of any parcel of Land situated within this Village are not paid on or before the First day of July next, such land will be dealt with under the provisions of "The Tax Recovery Act, 1922," with a view to obtaining certificate of title in the name of the Village in respect of such parcel.

D. L. SLOAN,
32a. Sec.-Treas. Village of Craigmyle

FOR SALE

Victrola for Sale; good as new.
MRS. GIB. MORRISON,
21-22p Delia.

FOR SALE

A few Second hand Cars. The price is right. Apply
L. SMART,
21 22a Star Dealer, Delia.

FOR SALE

Excellent Potatoes for Sale. Price, $1 per bushel at pit.
t.f. Phone R506, Delia.

FOR SALE

GRAY DORT Special five-passenger Auto, in A1 condition.
22 23p Apply Box 10, Delia.

Advertise in
"THE TIMES"
and find a Buyer for what you have to Sell.

The Delia Times

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY

Chas. S. Milligan .... Editor
Jos. McKibbon .... Manager

Subscription rates $1.50 per annum payable in advance.

Classified Advertising, such as Lost, Stolen or Strayed, Articles Wanted or For Sale, &c., 50c. first insertion, 25c. each subsequent insertion.

Municipal, Legal and Reader Advertisements 15c per line first insertion, 10c per line each subsequent insertion.

Display Advertising and Local ad. rates on application.

Changes of advertisement must reach this office not later than noon each Tuesday to insure insertion in the following issue.

THURSDAY, JUNE 3, 1926

POLITICS AND WHEAT POOL

Liberals and Conservatives are viewing with alarm the alleged attempt by U.F.A speakers to introduce the pools into politics There is no basis for that allegation. At the same time the public have a right to know where each candidate stands with regard to the pools, for there is no doubt that the crucial moment for the pools will come within the next two years. For instance, what is the position of party candidates with regard to an export duty on wheat? This was advocated by Conservative speakers in the last Dominion elections.

The Canadian Wheat Pool and the grain trade are both at present using all the influence they can at Ottawa with regard to Bill No. 8, an act to amend the Canada Grain Act (Warehouse Receipts), introduced by M. N. Campbell, Progressive member for Mackenzie, in the Dominion House last session. The purpose of the bill is to restore to the farmer the right to determine the destination of his grain, which was taken away from him last year by an amendment. The Dominion government first of all agreed to accept the bill as one of its own measures, but as opposition developed from the grain trade the government refused to accept responsibility for it, and it will have to run the gauntlet of the House. Pool officials state, according to A. M. Boutillier, M.P., that the wheat pool lost not less than a million dollars last year by the striking out of this protection for the farmers. Who got the million?

What is the stand of the Conservative and Liberal parties on this matter? The vote in the House will show. The offer of the wheat pool to lease the Vancouver harbor elevator is another matter that will be discussed in the Dominion house. The grain trade oppose this What will be the position of Liberal and Conservative members? Alberta wishes a representative from this province on the Vancouver Harbor Board Rumor has it that the appointment, which is made by the Dominion government, will be deferred till after the Provincial election and that Coast Liberals have insisted on one of their number being appointed. What will be the position of the Dominion government?

While the discussion on the Stockyards Act, recently assented to by the Alberta Assembly, was underway much criticism was voiced by Liberal speakers. The bill finally passed, and although the government were asked to give an undertaking that they would bind themselves not to apply it unless the Dominion Stockyards Act was declared ultra vires they refused to do so. They stated, however, that the province had no wish to exercise their powers under the act unless absolutely necessary. But why this insistence on non-interference? Possibly the clue can be found in the explanation of J. C. Bowen, leader of the Opposition, who first of all stated that he was speaking for the stockmen, but when challenged admitted he was speaking for the stockdealers not the stockmen.

J. T. Shaw, the "new hope"-of Alberta Liberalism, stated in his first address after becoming leader that he would "ruthlessly sweep aside all the underbrush of entangling legislation hampering the birth or life of any pool." His policy has not yet been adopted in Edmonton or Ottawa as the above facts show.

It is but fair to say that the Liberal government in Saskatchewan has been very favorably disposed to the establishment and progress of the pool system, as have been the U.F.A. government in Alberta, the Farmers' government in Manitoba, and the Progressives at Ottawa. But where do the other parties stand on specific questions, such as the elevator situation, the Grain Act, and the "ruthless sweeping away of entangling legislation"?

The Canadian Legion

Unity among ex-service men of Alberta will become a reality today (Thursday) when representatives from all parts of the province will assemble at the Palliser hotel, Calgary, at the first annual convention of the Canadian Legion in this province. It is expected there will be about 100 delegates in attendance.

Correspondence

☞ Whilst we are at all times willing to publish letters of public interest from correspondents, we do not bind ourselves to the opinions expressed therein.

THE WHEAT POOL AND THE U.G.G.

(The Editor "Delia Times.")

Sir,—Referring to the proposed handling company including elevators now owned and operated by the pool and those now owned and operated by the U.G.G., I wish to draw the attention of wheat pool contract signers to the following points;—

1. The pool will have joint and equal control in the operation of some 218 elevators for a period of two years.

2. The pool will have the right to ship its grain to any terminal elevator it may designate on the West coast.

3. All profits in operation will be pro-rated back to the pool and the U.G G. on a bushelage basis.

4. To handle without any discrimination or preference through all the elevators it operates, both pool and non-pool grain for the members of the pool, shareholders of the company, and all other farmers

5 To forward to terminals in proportion to receipts pool street grain acquired on behalf of the pool and non-pool street grain bought for account of the company

6. The pool does not pay interest or depreciation on coal sheds, flour warehouses, etc., owned by the U.G G.

7. This agreement refers only to the elevators of the pool and the U.G.G. situate in the province of Alberta.

8. Pool grain originating in U.G.G. elevators which may be shipped to Port Arthur or Fort William will be forwarded to U.G G terminals, and the terminal profits on the grain will be pro-rated back to the pool.

I might state that the pool will acquire either by building or purchase some 30 elevators to handle this year's crop.

Yours truly,
R. A. McPHERSON.

Local and District

WILSON—Born, to Mr. and Mrs. John Wilson, at Hanna Hospital, on Wednesday, May 26, a son,

• • •

Mr. and Mrs. George Sproat are now located at Red Deer.

• • •

Mrs. John Jameson, of Byemoor, was a visitor in town Tuesday.

• • •

Miss Gladys Martin left last Friday for Vancouver, where she will spend the summer.

• • •

Mr. and Mrs. M. J. Molle left Saturday night for Spalding, Mich., on a two months' vacation.

• • •

K. S. Grant, accountant in the Bank of Montreal, returned Sunday after a vacation spent in the East.

• • •

Mrs. Fraser, of Galva, Iowa, is visiting her son and daughter-in-law, Mr. and Mrs. Ernest Sprouse.

• • •

Mrs. Donald McFarlane underwent an operation in Drumheller hospital last week. She is recovering nicely.

• • •

C. W. Stanley, the new manager of the local branch of the Bank of Montreal, arrived here Monday morning.

• • •

The first real rain of the season fell over the week-end and has proved of inestimable value to the crops and pastures.

• • •

Mr. and Mrs. A. Nichol spent a few days in Calgary last week. Whilst there they purchased a new Chrysler Six Sedan

• • •

George A. Richardson left Wednesday morning to attend the annual Opticians' convention at the Palliser Hotel, Calgary.

• • •

Joe Sauve left Wednesday morning to attend the G.W.V.A. convention at Calgary as delegate from the Springwater Local G.W.V.A.

• • •

Bob Richardson received a postcard this week from H. F. Lovett, of Hobart, Tasmania, confirming the reception of the latter's radio signals last February.

• • •

The Ladies' Aid of the Union Church will have a strawberry social in the Rest Room on Saturday afternoon, June 12. Call in and spend a social hour with us —Advt.

• • •

Next Sunday, in the United Church, the pastor will resume the series of sermons on the Ten Commandments, the topic being the 7th Commandment or "Love Perverted."

• • •

Members of the Ladies' Aid will please keep in mind that the next meeting will be on the afternoon of Tuesday, June 8.

• • •

On Tuesday, June 22, the Delia W.I. will hold a garden party on the grounds of Mr. and Mrs. G. W. A. Harcus, the proceeds of which will be devoted to the Cemetery Fund.

• • •

F. H. Lavers, of Craigmyle, has been appointed as census enumerator for Sub-Districts 52 and 53, Townships 31-17 and 31-18, including the Village of Delia

• • •

The Rev. J. P. Suttill, M.A., B.D., has been visiting the Rev. J. R. Geeson over the week end. He occupied the pulpit of the United Church last Sunday to the pleasure and profit of the congregation.

• • •

Mrs. J. F. Dunfield received the news by wire on Monday of her sister, Mrs. Alex McQuarry, of Westlock, Alta., being injured and in hospital through jumping from an upstairs window when their house and belongings were all burned.

• • •

The Foothill Transportation Co., of Calgary, have inaugurated a bus service between Calgary and Hanna. A motor bus will leave the St. Regis hotel on Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays at 9 a.m., returning the following day.

• • •

At a meeting of the Delia Local U.F.A. held in the Rest Room on Saturday night, H. B. Limpert, Hy. Moore, J. D. McKay, and W. J. Bryan were appointed as delegates to the nomination convention of the Hand Hills Constituency U.F.A. Association, to be held at Hanna on Saturday, June 5, at 10 a.m.

• • •

The camp committee of the Hanna-Drumheller District of C.G.I.T. met at Delia, about twenty-five being present from Three Hills, Drumheller, Hanna, Craigmyle and Delia. It was decided to hold the district camp at the Hand Hills Lake, July 6 to 14, the fee to be $5 for the eight days This year the camp management plan to give an extra day for the same fee as in former years for a seven-day camp.

• • •

The death took place Monday of James Emerson, second son of Mr. and Mrs. J. E. Hunley, after three weeks' illness from spinal meningitis, aged 14 years and 4 months. The funeral service was held in the United Church Tuesday afternoon, conducted by the Rev J. R. Geeson, assisted by the Rev. Mr. Haynes, following which interment took place in Delia cemetery. Winter Bros., of Drumheller, had charge of the funeral arrangements.

Fine Record for Holsteins

A three-year-old Holstein cow at the Alberta Government farm at Oliver has just completed a record production of 15,926 lbs. of milk, averaging 4 per cent. butter-fat, over a 365-day test. Another animal, a two-year-old, completed a 352-day test with a production of 11,632 lbs. of milk, averaging 4 01 per cent butter-fat to its credit.

EXCURSIONS

EASTERN CANADA
ALL RAIL OR LAKE AND RAIL

Tickets on Sale MAY 15th to SEPT. 30th

PACIFIC COAST
THE TRIANGLE TOUR — ALASKA

Good to Return up to OCTOBER 31st 1926

Jasper National Park
MT. ROBSON PARK

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Personally Conducted Tours
WILL APPEAL TO
TEACHERS, PROFESSIONAL MEN, BUSINESS MEN & WOMEN
DURING JULY, TOURS TO
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Another Ford Record

In a recent Low Running Cost Competition from Winnipeg to New Orleans and return, there were 23 different cars entered, including a Ford Coupe, which set up a record for the rest of the motoring world.

The official figures of the amazingly low running cost of the Ford Coupe are given below:

MILES 4,942

Gas and Oil	$50.14
Grinding Valves	3.00
Fan Belt	.55
Timer	.85
Punctures	1.50
Total	$56.04

Cost per mile 1.13c
Gas Consumption ....175 Canadian gals., or 28.24 miles per gallon.

Buy a Ford, and you will have the most economical car to operate on the market.

Phone 28 **WM. GIBSON** DELIA Alta.
Authorized Ford Agent

To the Carpenter and Builder

TOOLS

HAMMERS, from -	$1.00 to $3.50 each
HAND SAWS, from -	$1.50 to $4.50 each
STEEL SQUARES, from -	.95 to $3.50 each
SPIRIT LEVELS, from -	$1.00 to $9.00 each

In Builders' Hardware

We have a complete stock, and our prices are right. Let me estimate your cost of Hardware for that new House or Barn.

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Should You Go Back to the Party System?

Compare these figures and answer for yourself

1921 (Party Government)

Budget Deficit	$ 2,118,209 00
Capital Debt Incorporated	$16,704,934.00
Employees (August 13, 1921)	2,697
Public Health (1920)	$ 373.744.00
Telephones Operating	50,611
Telephone Earnings	$ 2,247,277 00
Telephone Operating Expenses	$ 1,431,671.00
Printing Costs	$ 348,502,00
School Grants (1920)	$ 920,932.00
Government Inspectors	188
Uncontrollable Expenditure	$ 2,095,157 00
Semi-Controllable Expenditure	$ 3,884,315 00
Controllable Expenditure	$ 4,625,682.00

1925 (U.F.A. Government)

Budget Surplus	$ 188,019.00
Capital Debt Incorporated	$ 2,551,888.00
Employees (February 1, 1926)	2,233
Public Health	$ 990,110.06
Telephones Operating	56,279
Telephone Earnings	$ 2,502,175 00
Telephones Operating Expenses	$ 1,254,119.00
Printing Costs	$ 192,803.00
School Grants	$ 1,102,342.00
Government Inspectors	105
Uncontrollable Expenditure	$ 3,901,029 00
Semi Controllable Expenditure	$ 3,995,688.00
Controllable Expenditure	$ 3,446,287.00

Go Forward--Not Back--
Join the U F.A.

Issued by the Publicity Committee, Calgary.